EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY VIA AMSTERDAM, STARTING MAY 20th.

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YOUR WINDOW ON THE WORLD.

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AMMAN TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1993, SHAWAL 21, 1413

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyais; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Arab delegates discuss Libyan crisis

CAIRO (AP) - Arab League permanent representatives Monday discussed Arab efforts to resolve Libya's crisis with the West. Esmat Abdul Meguid, secretary-general of the 21member organisation, said they discussed recent efforts by Presi-denr Hosni Mubarak of Egypt and Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali of Tunisia to end air travel, arms sales and diplomatic sanctions imposed on Libya a year ago. Dr. Abdul Meguid told reporters that the United Nation's decision to renew the sanctions for a period of three months without escalating them gives Arabs a chance to mediate the crisis. He said the league would try to arrange for the handover of two suspects indicted by the United States and Britain for the 1988 bombing of a Pan Am flight 103 over Locket-

Sudan pardons women prisoners

his behalf, and to KHARTOUM (AP) — Sudan's Muslim fundamentalist military government paid fines and par-doned 250 female convicts who completed training for Sudan's Popular Defence Forces mitioa. The women, shown on television Sunday night leaving Al Zahra'a camp, named for a daughter of the Prophet Mohammad, were convicted of adultery, dealing in alcoholic beverages and theft. A television report said some non-Mustims among them bad converted in the camp. The government offices that collects the zakat said it would pay the women's fines totaling 1.4 million Sudanese pounds (\$14,000). Interior Minister Abdul Rahim Mohammad Hussein said the group constituted the first batch of woman "repentants," implying more will undergo the course later. About 200 male prisoners were pardoned last year under the same programme after the government paid their fines and blood money to relatives of kil-

Kurdish rebels to extend ceasefire

ANKARA (R) — Turkey's Kurdish rebels will extend a 26-day ceasefire due to expire Thursday, Iragi Kurdish leader Jalai Talabani was quoted as saying Monday. Mr. Talabani won agreement for an extension in talks with the leader of the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK), a statement from the Ankara office of Mr. Talabani's Patriotic Union of of Kurdistan (PUK) said. "Mr. Talabani informed us that be held a meeting with Mr. Abdullah Ocalan. PKK leader, and convinced him to renew the ceasefire which will expire on April 15," the statement said. It said Mr. Ocalan would announce the extension this week after consulting the rest of the PKK leadership.

Saudis 'satisfied' with Thai probe

BANGKOK (API - Relations with Saudi Arabia are improving as Thai officials make progress in investigations of unsolved theft and murder cases, the foreign minister said Monday. Prince Mohammad Ben Nawab Ben Abdul Aziz arrived Sunday to check on police investigations of the Bangkok murder of four Saudi embassy employees in 1989 and 1990, the disappearance in 1990 of a Saudi businessman, and

a Thai worker's 1989 theft of royal jewelry in Saudi Arabia. Foreign Minister Prasong Soonsiri, who met with the prince over lunch for 90 minutes, said later the prince was satisfied with progress in the investigations. Prince Mohammad declined to be inter-

Thousands attend Suez funerai

SUEZ (AP) — Tens of thousands of mourners marched in Monday's funeral of the highestranking police officer killed in a protracted, violent campaign by Muslim militants to take power in Egypt. Major General Mohammad Al Sheimy, 53, gunned down Sunday, was deputy security chief in Assiut, a centre of Islamic fundamentalism 320 kilometres south of Cairo. Four suspected Muslim extremists ambushed his cary Sunday as it pulled out of a police station in Abu Tig, near Assiut, and fatally shot Sheimy, his driver and bodyguard. The state of the s

Continued siege creates hardship for Palestinians

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM Palestinians from entering Israel. (AP) — With the Palestinian economy losing \$3 million a day from Israel's elosure of the occupied territories, the first signs of hunger may appear soon, a Palestinian economist said Mon-

Ísrael's government Sunday adopted proposals by Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin to keep the West Bank and Gaza Strip scaled indefinitely and sharply cut the number of Palestinian labourers in Israel.

Mr. Rabin believes the separaoon of the two peoples is needed to curb violence and win poblic support in Israel for peace talks with the Palestinians,

But Palestinian peace negotiators warned Monday that the closure is further eroding popular support among the Palestinians

for negodations with Israel.
"With the closure, they placed another obstacle in front of the peace talks," said Samir Abdullah, an economist and member of the Palestinian negotiating team. 'How can we believe they are looking for a peaceful relaoonship in the future?"

Mr. Abdollah said the \$3 million daily from the closure help. amounted to about 0.15 per cent of the total annual income of \$2 billion in the West Bank, Gaza and Arab East Jerusalem.

The closure, imposed March 31 after Arabs killed 13 Israelis in one month, bans two million

to take their place at resumed

Middle East peace talks with

Israel in Washington next week.

tooches on a decision," said Fais-

al Al Husseini, the Palestinian

leader from Arab East Jerusalem

likely to be accepted by Israel as a

member of the negocating team

instead of backstage coordinator.

This week will see a meeting between Israeli Prime Minister

Yitzhak Rabin and Egyptian

President Hosni Mubarak and a

Arab foreign ministers' session in

Damascus to nudge the talks back

on track in ome for next Tues-

day's planned Washington round.

Mr. Husseini said: "We want

But he added: 'The decision

A Palesonian team is going to

Washington Tuesday for prepara-

tory talks with the United States

administration. The team will be

headed by Haidar Abdul Shafi,

chief of the Palestinian negotiat-

Palestine Liberation Organisa-

ing team, Mr. Husseini said.

has not yet been taken. We need

to clarify some quescions."

'We are putting the final

Among those barred are 120,000 workers whose wages make op about 40 per cent of the income of the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Many are day labourers in con-

struction and farming.

The restrictions also cut the West Bank in half, and separate East Jerusalem from its hinter-

The government decided Sunday to funnel an unspecified amount of assistance to unemployed Palestinians and develop a programme to create jobs. One minister said 488 million shekels (\$177 million) would be invested in creaong jobs in 1993.

Mr. Abdollah estimated that about \$2.55 billion were needed to create jobs for the 170,000 unemployed in the occupied terri-

In the West Bank's Al Amari refugee camp oear Ramallah. Palestinians were angry and scepocal about Israeli plans to create

iobs in the occupied territories.
"It's ink on paper," said Muhedeeo Latif, 33. "In normal conditions, when Arabs wanted to start shops and went to an Israeli bank for a loan, they didn't get any

Mr. Laof has been caught in an ironical trap. He owns a carpen-try sbop in the West Bank village of Hizma, but the ooly road to it is through Jerusalem so he cannot go to work.

Palestinians on final sprint for

Washington talks on April 20

with Mr. Mubarak before the

TUNIS (Agencies) - Palesti- tioo (PLO) Chairman Yasser

nians began a final sprint Monday Arafat was to bold talks in Cairo

He is a father of six and also

supports his mother. His family was among those driven out of Lyddda in 1948 by the Israeli army under the command of Mr. Rabin, then a young officer. Yehya Aruki, 25, also a

carpenter, is blocked from going to the Israeli-owned shop he worked for in Jerusalem. He said he is already starting to economise on food.

"I have one boy. Others have many boys. They need to buy milk for the children," he said. "It just gets worse."

Mr. Abdullah, the economist, estimated there would be first signs of hunger in two or three weeks, noting that Palestinians have used up most of their reserves in the many strikes and closures of the more than fiveyear revolt against the occupa-

Last week. Israeli economist Ezra Sadan warned of impending disaster. "The Palestinian economy may overcome six or eight weeks, using up savings. But eventually it will come to a catastrophe in Gaza," Mr. Sadan said.

Two government ministers voted against the Rabin proposals, saying they backed separa-Oon in principle but that plans for aiding the Palestinians were too

vague.
"In a week or two the flour sack will be empty and you have a situation which is daogerous to us

(Continued on page 5)

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN - Following meetings and consultations with There will not be any mathe private sector, the government is closer to enacting a temporary law introducing a sales tax with effect from May 1, replacing a consumption tax

levied since last year in line with the economic recovery and restructuring programme agreed with the internacional Monetary Fund (IMF). Officials maintain that the

By P.V. Vivekanand

sales tax will not impose any new burden on consumers since they are already paying the consumption tax in the same range. They say that the higher-income class, which consumes the bulk of "luxury products." will bear the brun of the new levy.

According to economist Fahed Fanek, sales tax is expected to bring in up to JD 125 million to the treasury every year - the same as envisaged under the consump-

Dr. Fanek described the sales tax structure on various

By Ayman Ai Safadi

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

KHARTOUM - Sudan, cur-

rently suffering from severe oil

and foreign currency reserves

shortages, is hoping that an eco-

nomic agreement with Libya will

help put its economy back on

track and provide it with its needs

Sudanese Finance Minister

Abdul Rahim Hamdi said he

hoped the two countries would

this week reactivate a trade

agreement under which Libya provided Sudan with most of its

The talks could lead to even-

oil needs until a year ago.

goods and sectors as fair and said that he did not expect it to add new burden on the low-income bracket.

An Israeli soldier Monday checks passengers in a bus of the northern entrance to Jerusulem (AFP

Cabinet closer to enacting

jor changes." he told the Jordan Times. The new law only switches one form of tax into another and therefore "there is no additional burden on the One feature of the draft

law, he said, was that the services sector, which is exempt from consumption tax by virtue of its nature, will now have to pay sales tax. Service-oriented profes-

sionals - lawyers, architects, accountants, and others will have to present a list of their activities to the government and pay sales tax on their fees. Dr. Fanek said

The actual impact of the law on the various sectors would be known only after the finalisation of a list of products subject to the tax.

Foreign economists say that the measure, if administered across-the-board, is bound to increase the rate of inflation. whieb Jordan managed to

complete merger. Mr. Hamdi said Sudan, which

on Saturday stopped allowing gas

to private cars and taxies, will buy

oil from anybody that sells it. "If

America would give us oil on

reasonable terms we would

accept," Mr. Hamdi told the Jor-

dan Times Monday before flying

to Damascus for an Arab finance

Sudan is also trying to secure

part of its annual needs of 1.2

million tonnes of crude oil from

Iran, but Mr. Hamdi said differ-

ences over terms of payment have

to be worked out before Iranian

oil shipments to Sudan are re-

He said the two countries have

to agree on conditions of pay-

ment for Sudan's \$80 million debt

to Iran which date back to the

"We have to work out a

ministers meeting.

early seventies.

temporary sales tax law keep under acceptable levels last year and expects to main-

tain this year. On the other hand, it will keep consumption down and cut down imports, they say. In the meantime, intense

consultations are under way among the government and the trade and industry sectors to formulate the final version of the draft law, which will be enacted with a royal decree in the absence of a sitting Partia-

Under the law, it is proposed that the government will collect the tax on imported products at the point of entry and on locally-produced items from their manufacturers before the goods leave their warehouses.

Basic food items, medicine essential supplies for children, and education materials will be exempt from the tax, which will be applied at IO per cent for items classified as "general products" and up to 25 per cent for "luxury goods." "Our discussions with the

(Continued on page 5)

Jordan Times on board a Sudan

Airways flight to Amman Mon-

its oil needs from the spot mar-

day morning.

Hamdi.

Arab talks set for **Damascus** on Friday

DAMASCUS (Agencies) - The Arah parties to peace talks with Israel agreed Monday to meet again in Damascus on Friday to discuss whether to resume necotiations with the Jewish state on April 20 in Washington.

Following two days of talks here late last month, representarives of Syria, Lebanon, Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) had agreed to meet again to discuss the issue. They also condemned Israel for failing to repatriate nearly 4(X) expelled Palestinians and criticised the United States for not

putting greater pressure on The Palestinians remain split on the issue of the talks, with hardliners pushing for a boycott of the talks unless the exiles are allowed to return while moderates say the issue should not be

allowed to derail the talks. The official Syrian News Ageney (SANA) said Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa contacted during the past 48 huurs Lebanese Prime Minister Rafik Hariri and his counterparts Amr Musa of Egypt and Kamel Abu Jaber of

"It was agreed that the coordination meening of the Arab parties to the peace process will be resumed in Damascus on April 16 and I7," SANA said.

The meeting will follow an Egyptian-Israeli summit set for Wednesday and scheduled separate talks in Washington between U.S. State Department officials and Arab peace negotiators, in-

cluding the Palestinians. PLO Chariman Yasser Arafat due to hold talks with Mr. Mubarak in Cairo Tuesday, a day before the meeting between the Egyptian president and Mr.

Rabin in the town of Ismailia. PLO sources said Mr. Arafat would ask Mr. Mubarak to persuade the Israelis to lift their military and economic siege of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, to repatriate the remaining 396 Palestinian exiles ftom South Lebanon by June. and to return a number of the other exiles expelled since 1967.

Sudan pins economic hopes on Libya

(the Iranians) or give them assur- sortium of foreign firms and ex-

ance for payment over a long period." Mr. Hamdi told the Sudan within 36 months. These

Gorbachev sees no chance

U.S. ready to restore Iraq ties if U.N. demands met

DUBAI (R) - The commander achieved in the area. of U.S. forces in the Middle East. General Joseph Hoar, was quoted Monday as saying Washington would restore ties with Iraq if it met Gulf war-related U.N. resolutions.

But he said Iraq still had to destroy all weapons of mass destruction, repatriate prisoners of war and pay compensation for damages incurred by its invasion of Kuwait.

Gen. Hoar told Qatar's Al Sharq newspaper: "The stage will be set to restore ties with Iraq to what they were before the (Gulf) crisis." the minute it abided by the U.N. resolutions. Most of Washington's Gulf

Arab allies refuse contacts with Baghdad while Saddam Hussein is in power, although Qatari leaders exchanged messages in February with the Iraqi leader. Gen. Hoar left Doha Monday

after a two-day visit. The inter-view was reported by the Qatari News Agency. Kuwait claims more than 600 of

its citizens are still missing since Iraq's defeat in the 1991 Gulf war and it believes they are being beld

by Baghdad. Geo. Hoar said Washington would reduce its military presence in the region if Iraq met the U.N. demands and stability was zone came under fire.

"We work for an immediate

Egyptian leader's meeting with Mr. Rabin in Egypt on Wednesday, he added. Although the PLO has not yet

formally announced Palestinian williogness to attend the new round of Washington talks, it is expected to approve their parti-cipation in negotiations stalled by Israel's expulsion of 415 Palestinians to Lebanon in December. The Syrian Arab News Agency

(SANA) said an Arab coordinaoon meeting to decide whether to return to the talks would resume in Damascus Friday (see separate Mr. Husseini said in an inter-

view with Israeti army radio on Saturday that the Palestinians were oo longer demanding the return of all the exiles as a condioon to returning to the negotiations - frequently described by the United States as the last train

return of all deportees, those at Marj Al Zohour or those expelled after (the Arab-Israeli war of)

He said the United States had

On Sunday, Gen. Hoar told

Reuters that firing by U.S. jets at

an Iraqi military position in

northern Iraq two days earlier was "perhaps an isolated inci-

were fired at from the ground.

Norman Schwarzkoof after the

Gulf war as commander of the

U.S. forces in the Middle East.

patrolling Iraq's northern "no-

fly" zone dropped four cluster

on Friday. Iraq denied shooting

at the planes and called the raid a

The general, in Qatar for

rouone cootacts with the Gulf

country's leaders, said it was his

initial impression that the alleged

shooting was an isolated incident.

how the United States would

react in the event of any further

The bombing near Saddam

Dam, about 400 kilometres north

of Bagbdad, was the first incident

of its kind since Feb. 3, when

French Mirage jets patrolling the

He declined to speculate on

complete surprise.

Iraqi shootings.

The United States said planes

Gen. Hoar replaced General

Washington said the jets

only three warships and "a group

of aircraft" in the Gulf.

1967, which could start by steps," be said Monday.

Palestinian expellees in Lebanon said they were relying on Syria to prevent the talks resuming before Israel allowed them back. "We hold Syria responsible be-

cause we consider it the beavyweight in the region," said Abdul Aziz Al Rantisi, leader of the 396 stranded in South Leba-We believe that Syria can put

pressure to change the stand of the Palestinian delegation and iofluence the decision of the (Arab) frontline states," be said. "We urge it (Syria) to use its

pressuring role so that it will not allow Israel and America to execute their plan directed against the innocent sons of the Palestinian people," Dr. Rantisi told reporters at the exiles' makeshift Dr. Rantisi said the exiles ex-

pected nothing from the meeting Wednesday between President Muharak and Mr. Rabin.

(Continued on page 5) Israel dangles bait, page 2

Oil states discuss quotas and energy tax

MUSCAT (AP) - Oil producers gathered Monday to discuss two crucial problems — too much crude and proposed energy taxes that threaten to undercut de-

Representatives of two dozen countries planned to focus on environmental measures in the United States and the European Community (EC), which include tax proposals aimed at reducing the use of carbon fuels by adding bombs in response to ground fire

to their cost. But that issue was overshadowed by conflict within the Organisacion of Petroleum Exporting Countries over quotas set for the spring quarter to help boost prices. Independent surveys have me-

asured OPEC production in March at 700,000 barrels a day above the ceiling of 23.6 million set by the I2 OPEC ministers. Most of the blame has gone to Iran and Nigeria. Although Tehran has denied violating its

quota, the allegations have

brought a bristling response from

Kuwait, which opposed a 20 per

cent cut its allotment,

tual merger between Libya and Sudan which have already allowed free movement of goods and labour. In 1990, Khartoum and Tripoli signed a pact with the two countries said could lead to a

> debate about Spain's economic woes as the reason for moving up the election date.

> > that a lot of countries are experiencing." Mr. Gonzalez said.

deciding to hold the elections in summer is to try to reorient this climate in such a manner that a government legitimised by the ballot box...can carry out the economic policies needed by the country in a calmer atmosphere," Mr. Gonzalez told reporters.

announcement after meeting with his cabinet and King Juan Carlos two days after discussions with the executive committee of the Spanish Socialist Workers Party. The prime minister, who came to power after a landslide victory in October 1982, is legally required to call elections by the end

seats in the lower house of parliament in the last general elections in

lities." Mr. Hamdi said. Sudan. however, is trying to lure foreign investment to revitalise its staggering economy and help the economic restructuring

programme started in 1990. Mr. Hamdi said Sudan was

rates businesses but that "have no Sudan is currently buying all of political indications." Relations between Khartuum ket, but it is unable to meet its and the Gulf states deteriorated needs because of severe forcign during the Gulf crisis when Sudan currency reserves shortages. Sudan's annual oil bill amounts to refused to support the war coalition against Iraq. Gulf states have \$300 million, according to Mr.

since the a stopped their financial

companies, he said, include Saudi

Arahia and United Arah Emi-

"We have no reserves. We are Mr. Hantdi was not optimistic using whatever is available as the ahout aid from international government to get necessary facifunds, saying that their approach to his country's problems were "extremely political."

aid to Sudan.

"(These organisations) go back to their donors to see what they like and not," he said.

(Continued on page 5)

Gonzalez calls early polls

MADRID (API - Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez, leader of the deeply divided Socialist Party, Monday called general elections for June 6, five months early. of October. Mr. Gonzalez, 51, cited the The Socialists won 175 of 350

"We are in an economic crisis "The first and main reason for

Mr. Gonzalez made his

October 1989. Since then, it has been shaken by a rift between its traditional left wing and the so-called moderate pragmatists responsible for market-oriented economic With an economic recession

gripping once-booming Spain and unemployment topping 20 per cent, the socialists have seen their popularity dwindte. Corruption scandals involving the former deputy prim' minister's brother and allegedly . 'gal schemes to finance the party have further sapped support for the socialists.

of hardliners coming back NEW YORK (R) - Former and not merely the referendum Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev on his rule set for April 25, as a says he sees no chance of former communist hardliners returning

Asked in a U.S. television interview broadcast Monday if the conservatives could return to power through elections, Mr. Gorbachev said: "No. I rule this

Boris Yeltsin called early general

"The communist fundamentalists, as I call them, and other people who want a kind of political revenge. I don't think they will be able to capture the historical initiative," said Mr. Gorbachev. "People don't want to go back

But he stressed that Mr. Yeltsin should call national elections.

way of isolating the hardliners. "If the current policies, the

policies pursued in 1992, were to to power in Russia if President confinue, the situation might become much more difficult and it would be very difficult even to hold elections," said Mr. Gorbachev, speaking through a translator during an interview on Sunday in Richmond, Virginia. "I've been suggesting the elections be held as soon as possible."

What we need is not a referendum, a plebiscite or a poll. We would just be wasting time." said the former Kremlin leader, now on a U.S. tour.

"I very much support the idea of early elections." he said.

Tycoon wins elections, page 8

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Israel dangles bait to draw Palestinians to peace talks

By Jack Redden

TEL AVIV - Israel is dangling powerful bait at the Palestinians to lure them back to Middle East peace

The offer is new hope of negotiators on the future of Jerusalem, the world's most fought over piece of real estate.

Israeli cabinet ministers insist that sudden willingness to let Faisal Al Husseini, the leader from Arab East Jerusalem, join the talks unchanges Israel's position that its "claim" to all the city is not open to bargaining.

But the significance of including a native of Jerusalem was not lost on Palestinians - or members of the previous Likud government of former Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, who refused to negotiate with any Jerusalem Palestinians.

"If we can include someone from Jerusalem, Faisal in particular, this would be a breakthrough," said Sari Nusseibeh, a philosophy professor working with the Palestinian delegation head whose family bas been in Jerusalem for centuries.

New prominence for Mr. Husseini, along with the return of a few dozen Palestinians exiled in past years, could be enough to end the impasse created by Israel's expulsion of 415 Palestinians to Lebanon in December and clear the way for peace talks to resume in Washington next Monday.

A deal could emerge late this week after a flurry of meetings by all countries in-

Full participation by the patrician Husseini - he has been directing the team from outside the talks - will be a constant reminder that Palestinians want the eastern half of the city as the capital of a future independent state.

Hardliner Shamir bad refused to let any Palestinian from Arab East Jerusalem

Sue Pleming

Reuter

MOGADISHU — Diners

have to leave their guns out-

side but the restaurant a

kilometre from Mogadishu's

bombed-out green line ser-

ves lobsier and overlooks a

The Indian Ocean beach

club in the anarchic Somali

capital was closed during two

years of civil war. Yassin Ga'al Muke reopened in

January after U.S.-led troops

arrived to restore order and

stop the looting of food con-

building was looted brick by

brick. But after the Amer-

icans arrived we decided it

was time to open it again so

we started rebuilding," he

In its heyday, the club on

Lido beachfront was a popu-

lar haunt for Italian tourists

and there were several res-

taurants on the marine para-

de. Nowadays, Mr. Muke has

side of the residence.

been reduced to rubble by

militia guns. There is still the

occasional sound of gunfire, but Mr. Muke says this has

The buildings on either

no competition.

"During the war, this

lurquoise sea.



into the negotiations, fearing it would raise questions over Israel's "claim" to the land it seized and immediately annexed in 1967.

The United States, which with almost all countries refuses to recognise Israeli "sovereignty" over Arab East Jerusalem, went along with Mr. Shamir because the final status of Jerusalem promised to be one of the most intractable disputes.

Arab East Jerusalem is the economic, political and religious centre of Palestinian life. It is vital to any Palestinian entity — you cannot drive from the north of the occupied West Bank to the south without crossing Jeru-

But Jerusalem is central to Judaism. Israel has moved aggressively since seizing the city to make withdrawal impossible. Jerusalem's boundaries were extended and Jewisb settlements sprang up on the new land to encircle the

The concept of Jerusalem has also taken on a broader sweep. Labour Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin talks of a "greater Jerusalem" that would sprawl across the great

Lobster with a view in Mogadishu

"The restaurant is busy

most days," said Mr. Muke,

who makes between \$300 and

\$400 a day as the restaurant's

reputation spreads among

thousands of expatriates who

have flocked into Somalia as

aid workers, diplomats or sol-

But the club is on the

northern side of the green

line, a maze of war-damaged

streets that divide the terri-

tories of rival clan militias.

city's south. Crossing the line

in a car with southern num-

berplates can be tricky and

on the wall outside the club,

ordering clients not to bring

guns inside the complex. Mr.

people have obeyed the rule.

ble here. People just want to

get out, have a bit of fun and

forget the war," Mr. Muke

One of the most popular

items of the extensive menu

is lobster, freshly daily from

the sea. Boiled and stewed

nmes a week. It's about the

"I eat here a couple of

goal are also selling well.

Muke says for the most part

"We haven't had any trou-

A warning has been placed

Most foreigners live in the

being developed as Jewish

"Jerusalem will remain united as the capital of Israel under Israeli sovereignty.' Foreign Minister Shimon Peres maintained when asked the implications of Mr. Husseini's enhanced role_ "This is not going to be changed."

In reality, East Jerusalem is a city under occupation. The separation of the two sides is almost as stark as the pre-1967 days when Jeru-salem was split between Jordan and Israel.

Few Arabs venture into the Jewish half, even fewer Jews wander Arab streets. A major road opened this month along the old "green line" that once separated the city. It carries Israelis 10 settlements built since 1967 and sweeps past the Arab heart of East Jerusalem.

Officially, the future of Jerusalem will remain off the table at this stage, which is to negotiate a five-year period of limited self-rule — "autonomy" — for the nearly two million Palestinians of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The future of Jerusalem and its 140,000 Arabs almost all rejecting Israeli citizenship - will not come up until a final Israeli-Palestinian settlement is negotiated starting in the third year of autonomy.

The prospect of Mr. Husseini, the epitome of the Palestinian elite in Jerusalem, debating the shape of autonomy alarms Israeli hardliners. They fear it brings closer the day of bargaining on Jerusalem,

"We will be negotiating with a Palestinian leader wbo is a Jerusalemite and in the eyes of the Arabs - whether Palestinian, Jordanian, Egyptian, Syrian wherever - that we started here this day negotiating on Jerusalem," said Eliahu Ben-Elissar, a mem-ber of the right-wing Likud

only restaurant left in town

now," said one diner tucking

into spaghetti laced with an

Deaths from Somalia's

famine and civil war have

fallen dramatically since the

23-nation force arrived in De-

But at least 300,000 people

died in the famine that swept

the country after rebels

ousted dictator Mohammad

Siad Barre in January 1991

and then turned on each

other, plunging Somalia into

The arrival of the troops

has helped to restore order to

the capital, and some sembl-

Mr. Muke's restaurant is

"We provide a full service

even providing an outside

food, glasses, waiters ---

anything you can think of,"

A discotheque, complete

with generalor-driven

flashing lights, recently

opened on Friday nights and

the club even has a come-

They want to langn. like they

did in previous years," said

the in-house comic.

"People are sick of war.

USEFUL TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

ance of normal life.

catering business.

Mr. Muke said.

elaborate fish sauce.

cember.



Jonathan Howe, special U.N. representative to TAKING TIME OFF: Young Somalis Monday perform a welcoming dance for retired Admiral Somalia, upon his arrival in Baidoa (AFP photo)

Iran tells Azerbaijan, Armenia to stop war

NICOSIA (R) — Iran Monday-urged Azerbaijan and Armenia to stop fighting and Ibreatened to adopt a "more serious position" if they did not end clashes near its

President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani told visiting Azeri Secret-ary of State Panakh Guseinov that the latest fighting had moved so close to the border that it had become a security matter for Iran, Tehran Radio reported.

"If this trend continues, the government of the Islamic Republic of Iran will bave no choice but to adopt a more serious position," the radio quoted him as telling Mr. Guseinov.

"We hope the speedy cessation of fighting in the area will make such a position unnecessary, Mr. Rafsanjani added.

He did not say what the posi-tion might be but he stressed Tehran's neutrality and said Iran was ready to help any effort for a peaceful solution between the two ex-Soviet republics.

"Attacking and occupying a country's territory is never a logical means for a lasting solu-tion to conflict," Mr. Rafsanjani said, pointing to Tebran's demand for an Armenian withdrawal.

Tehran Radio said in a commentary that the flare-up of fighting increased the risk of outside interference in the conflict over the disputed enclave of Nagorno-Karabakh which has killed more than 2,500 people since 1988.

Mr. Guseinov arrived in Tehran Sunday to seek belp after Armenian forces seized some 10 per cent of Azeri territory west and south of the mainly Armenian populated Nagorno-Kara-

He left Tehran after the meeting with Mr. Rafsanjani in which he delivered a message from Azeri President Abulfaz Elchibey. Armenian forces have pushed

close to the southern Azeri town of Fizuli close to Iran's frontier. Iranian media say the blast of artillery fire can be heard across the border.

Wounded Azeri fighters were flown to Tehran for treatment last week after Baku's appealed for humanitarian help.

Iran has a large community of both Shiite Muslim Azeris and a smaller one of Christian Arme-Iran's relations with Baku have

been complicated since Mr. Elchibey's pro-Turkish party swept to power last June, whipping up pan-Azeri sentiments, criticising Tehran's treatment of its Azeris and accusing it of siding with Armenia.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Tehran denies Habibi to step down

NICOSIA (AP) - The Office of Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani Monday denied a report that Vice-President Hassan. Habibi would step down. The brief denial came in a letter published in the English-language Tehran Times, cited by the official Islamic Republic News Agency in a dispatch monitored in Cyprus. The newspaper reported Thursday that Mr. Habibi would step down in a limited reshuffle of the senior leadership. The Tehran Times did not go into the reasons for the predicted resignation, and its report could not be independently confirmed. The newspaper often reflects Mr. Rafsanjani's views. Mr. Habibi, a French-educated lawyer who was appointed vice president Aug. 21, 1989, has failed to play an active role in the government. His low profile has been in contrast with his powerful position as the president's right-hand man.

Quake hits edge of Iran's oil region

NICOSIA (R) - An earthquake measuring 4.1 on the Richter scale sbook an area on the edge of Iran's main oil producing region Monday but caused no casualties or damage, the Iranian news agency IRNA said. The tremor struck Gachsaran, 600 kilometres south of Tehran, at 3.57 a.m. (2327 GMT Sunday), IRNA said. It was the latest in a series of earthquakes which jolted various parts of Iran in the past two weeks.

Rushdle caricature contest under way

NICOSIA (AP - Iran, which has put a bounty on the head of British writer Salman Rushdie, now is running a "Satanic conspira-cy international caricature competition" in his name. The official Islamic Republic News Agency said Sunday that the deadline for drawings will be June 4, when the country marks the anniversary of the 1989 death of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, The agency, monitored in Nicosia, said the competition was being coordinated by the Iranian weekly Kayhan Havai. It quoted the magazine's cultural editor, Mohammad Hadi Parvin, as saying the contest "is aimed at portraying the real conspiracy behind the blasphemous novel "The Satanic Verses." The magazine says 160 gold coins will, be distributed as prizes. Some 500 entries already have been received, it said. Mr. Rushdie bas been in hiding since February 1989; when Ayatollah Khomeini decreed he should be killed for its blasmin bis and The International Contractions and the contractions of the contraction of insulting Islam in his novel. The Iranians have put a bounty on the writer's head in excess of \$2 million.

Kurdish parliament names new premiet

NICOSIA (AP) - The Kurd's national council in northern Iraq has asked Abduilah Rasul to form a new government, replacing a cabinet that has served less than a year. The announcement was carried on the Voice of Iraqi Kurdistan radio. Mr. Rasul, a former guerrilla commander, was identified in the broadcast as a member of the political bureau of Jalal Talabani's Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, one of the major Iraqi guerrilla groups. He replaces Prime Minister Fuad Masum, who formed the first 15-member cabinet last July. The move had been expected, and Mr. Rasul said in a recent interview that "it is a change of faces, not of policy." He said security would be a priority." The Kurds held elections in May 1992 to select a legislature to run day-to-day affairs after Iraqi government cut ties and declared an embargo on the northern region, home to about 3.5 million Kurds. The move came after U.S.-led allies had declared a "no-fly" zone in northern Iraq. The Kurds set up their own government after repeated efforts to strike an autonomy agreement with Baghdad were unsuccessful. Last October, the parliament voted in favour of a federated state in northern Iraq. a departure from the Kurds' pursuit of autonomy under the Baghdad government.

Bosnian president heads for Mecca

DUBAI (R) - Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic set out on a pilgrimage to Mecca on Monday after appealing to the Muslim World for help in bis people's war against Serbian forces. The Saudi Press Agency (SPA) said Sunday night that Mr. Izetbegovic left for the Red Sea port of Jeddab after talks with Saudi Arabian King Fabd, who supports lifting an arms embargo in Bosnia 10 allow Muslims to arm themselves against attacks by the betterequipped Serbs. Saudi Arabia, home to Islam's boliest shrioes, has led Muslim states in providing humanitarian and financial aid to Bosnian Muslims. Mr. Izetbegovic was awarded the \$93,333 King Faisal International Prize for his services to Islam Saturday. He pledged to donate half the money to wounded Bosnian Muslims and refugees and to use the rest to rebuild bis and three of his children's houses destroyed in Serb attacks.

Kabul government allows women to reappear on TV

KABUL (AP) — Nearly a year after they were banished from the airwaves, Afghanistan's Islamic government has allowed women to reappear on television.

State-run Afghan Television began broadcasting Saturday night after being knocked off their air by fighting between gov-ernment forces and renegade re-

Viewers were startled but excited to see a young woman on their screens reading the news. Her head, however, was covered with the traditional black Islamic

An Iranian movie, made during the reign of the late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, followed. The film, about Iranian soldiers fighting tribal smugglers, showed the leading lady with all but her

eyes covered.
"We bave women on TV. We have women in the movies, Mohammad Rafi, a 28-year-old

teacher, said excitedly.

Throughout the 14-year war between the Muslim rbeels and the Soviet-installed government, women regularly appeared on

television in Western-style dress. But within days of assuming power from the former communst government in April 1992, Muslim rebel leaders cracked down on women, ordering them to wear traditional baggy trousers and tunic and to cover their heads

when they left their houses. They also banned women from reading the news on television, largely as a concession to two of the most radical rebel chiefs, Mohammad Yunis Khalis and Abdul Rasool Sayyaf. Both loudly complained it was un-Islamic for women to be seen in public.

But Mr. Sayyaf was eased his hardline stance in recent months, trying to project his image as Afghanistan's father figure and spiritual leader. Mr. Khalis' influence has diminished and he has all but pulled out of the rebel coalition, saying it is not Islamic

Earlier this year, Defence Minister Ahmad Shah Masood decided women newscasters would be brought back to the air.

"What are they going to do? Close the roads if we put women back on television?" asked one Defence Ministry official.

When the rebels assumed power, most Kabul women feared they would be forced to quit school, give up their jobs and stay indoors unless they donned the burga, the tent-like veil flowing from head to toe.

But their worst fears have materialised, and many Kabal women are starting to challenge the rebel leaders' dictates that forced them to alter their lifes-

Alarmed by what he consi dered an attempt to bring back immodesty, one rebel leader, Ayatollah Assef Mohseini, went on state-run Kabul Radio and urged them to observe the Islamic dress mde.

"Many of our Islamic sisters are not observing hijab. They are only making, a token effort and not covering all of their hair. If our sisters keep flouting the last there is a possibility they will be approached, stopped and ordered to cover themselves. We ask all our sisters to please start observ-ing proper Islamic hijab. Mr.

Mohseini said. His remarks were seen as a gentle warning to women and a licence to gov mment soldiers to harass them bout their dress. But both side have ignored the message.

Government forces have been preoccupied trying to control looting, armed robbery and car theft that has become endemic in the capital, and women are using their preoccupation to see how

far they can go.

Many women have pulled out their long tight skirts and their black fishnet stockings, put on their bright red lipstick and na polish and let their thick black hair peek out from their brightlycoloured scarves. Some accompanied by their husbands have even dared to wear their scarves around their necks.

One 24-year-old kindergarten teacher, Rubiya, only giggled and shrugged when asked if the rebel fighters patrolling downtown Kabul might be offended that she bad only awhite filmy scarf dangling from a huge knot atop her head, "Ever since the Mujahedeen (rebels) have come to Kabul, they have harassed women. Now it's their turn to be barassed," she said,

Iranian dissidents say attacks killed 150 guards

AMMAN (J.T.) — The main dent Ali Akbar Ha Iranian opposition group has said its fighters killed more than 150 government troops in a series of attacks in retaliation for the kill-

ing io Italy of its representative. The Mujahideen-e-Khalq of Iran said in a statement that its supporters in Iran carried out 11 operations from April 1-8 bases of the Pasdaran guards.

Protest rallies and demonstrations had also been beld in 14 cities against alleged human rights violations as part of the Mujahedeen response to the killing in Rome last month of Mohammad Hossein Naghdi, the Iranian opposition representative in Italy. There was no immediate inde-

pendent confirmation of the

One of the main actions claimed by the group was the capture and destruction of a key military communications base on the Komku Heights near the city of Gilan Gharb last Thursday.

It said more than 50 guards were killed or wounded in heavy clashes during an attack on a base near Dehloran, and others died during ambushes on military vehicles in Mazandaran province and on the Ahwaz-Khorramshahr

The Mujahideen alleged that Naghdi was killed by Iranian diplomats on the orders of Presi-

The group said Monday, Ing

nian government, radio and tell vision bad aired lengthy reports on the funeral of Morteza Avim and Mohammad Yazdanparast, two repressive officials killed during the "Naghdi" operations: It quoted news reports as

saying that Avini and Yazdanparast, two Bassij officials in charge of "suppression and censorship." were killed in Khuzistan early morning Friday.

"In the course of a series of Mujahideen operations in six provinces, more than 150 repressive guards were killed, and seven guards bases and assembly centers and dozens of their vehicles were destroyed," it said.

"Facilities to jam Voice of Mujahed, the Mujahedeen's national radio, were completely destroyed m an attack on a military communications base located po Gilan-Gharb heights," it added.

"According to reports from Iran, the support by residents of Gilan-Gharb and Salehabad in western flam province for attacks by the Mujahedeen have further frightened the Guards Corps. The guards hastily set up 40 new wireless networks in the border region alone. It has also flows helicopters over Gilan-Gharb to detect the operation zone "

22:45 Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

	RAMME TWO
12:00	Territoires
18:30	Maguy
19:00	News in French
19:15	
19:30	News in Hebrew
20:00	
20:30	Step by step
21:10	Forever Green
	News in English
22:29	
Fealu	re Film: "Bridman of Alcatraz"

PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swelfieb. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. De la Salle Church Tcl. 661757

Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 652526. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints Tel. 823824, 654932. Church of the Nazarene Tel. 675691. Church of the Redeemer ... Tel

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	Dr. Jameel Tarif 7947
WEATHER	Dr. Mohammad Al Nahawi 6939
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lohammad Al Nahawi 693925	Blood Bank
haled Mu'addi 743500	Highway Police
pharmacy 661912	Traffic Police 896390
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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
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Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26
Army, Marka 89161 1/15
Queen Alia Hospital 686100
Amal Hospital 674155
ZARQA:
CARVA:
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323
Zarga National Hospital (09)900560
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FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL ARROOM

Princess Haya Hospital(03)314111

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This information is supplied by Royl Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Oueen Alia Internation Airport Tel. (08)53201-5, where should always be verified.
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Other Flights (Terminal 2)

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Carrot 180/ 120 Cauliflower 160/ 100 Cucumbers (large) 120 / 60 Cucumbers (small) 220 / 160 Eggplant 340 / 260 Garlie 500 / 400 Grapefruit 240/ 180 Lemon 400 / 300 Marrow (large) 400 / 300 Marrow (small) 200 / 150 Minj 100	Carbage	qo / 60
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Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Monday visits a patient at Zarka Government Hospitai (Petra photo)

Princess Basma inspects health, social services

ZARQA (Petra) — In pursuing her charity programme around the Kingdom, Her Royal High-ness Princess Basma Monday inspected services in Zarqa, Írbid and Kura governorates.

At Zarqa Government Hospital the Princess met with officials to discuss medical needs and improvements.

The hospital offers medical services to oearly 750,000 people in the Zarqa governorate and is in oeed of expaosioo and oew equipment, particularly for kidney dialysis treatment, the Princess was told by Dr. Mamdouh Abbadi and Zarqa Deputy Abdu Rahim Ekour.

The paediatric wiog was one of the sections inspected by the Princess, who eoquired about the patients' needs.

Deputy Abdul Qader Gamm and Deputy Salameh Ghweiri met with Princess Basma who is the Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare Fund (QAF) and presented requests for improving social services in the Zarqa governorate through the charity campaign that was started in Jordan during the mooth of Ramadan. In Irbid, Princess Basma inspected the local social and com-

She toured the children's secoon and a workshop giving vocational training to local women. Representatives of the local social services centres briefed the Princess at a meeting on their activities benefittiog needy fami-

munity centres

Princess Basma distributed medical equipment used in the treatment of children suffering from thalassemia, a form of

The Princess called at the Kura governorate and supervised the distribution of food and clothing also the Honorary Chairperson of to 600 needy families.

Muslims, Christians and women join party

By Sa'eda Kilani ... Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Islamic movemeot, Du'aa, was licensed Monday becoming the first Islamic party to include women and Christians in its temporary executive committee.

--- Members of the Arab Democratic Islamic Movement, founding members of ADIM der (ADIM), Du'az, sold the Jordan - cided to form such a party with Times that the movement is progressive Islamic thinking, the aimed mainly at reinforcing the relationship between Muslims and Christians

The ADIM's 72 founders include I2 Christians and II ples and objectives. women, out of which two women and two Christians are members in the movement's temporary ex-* Ecutive committee.

".'- "We aim a' forming a national. Eslamic front with progressive concepts that would implement the Islamic Sharia (Islamic law) in a modern manner," said Marwan "Soudah, a Christian member of The ADIM executive committee. Mr. Soudah, who criticised present Islamic movements which adopt regressive methods of

analysis of the Holy Book

(Koran), indicated that the movement's principles are intermingled with the Arabism-Islamism dimension and is based on the

democracy and Sbura principles. It adopts the Islamic economic system "since we consider it as the best system to be implemented," be added. Over three years; since the

progressive Islamic thinking, the party's members told the Jordan Times that the Muslim Brotherbood was distributing brochures in which it criticised their princi-

He said that the attacks occurred more often recently, but refused to elaborate.

"We have close relationships and even cooperation with leftirts, oadonalists and democratic parties," said Mohammad Abu Ajamieb, ADIM's secretary, while our relationship with the Islamists' is characterised by ideological enmity.

ADIM will bold its first national conference next year and expects to attract more than 1,000 members to its ranks.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Crown Prince confers medal on Pakistani general

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Mooday conferred upon Chief of Staff of the Pakistani Air Force General Farouq Fairouz Khan the military Istiqlal Medal of the First Order. At a meeting with him and the accompanying delegation at the Royal Court, Prince Hassan also reviewed with the Pakistani general bilateral relations between Jordan and Pakistan. The meeting was attended by Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Lieutenant-General Abdul Hafez Mirai Al-Kaabneh, the chief of staff of the air force, and the King's advisor Ihsan Shurdom.

Jordan takes 2nd prize in Doha fair

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian pavilion at Qatar International Tours Fair won the second prize at the fair which concluded in Doha Sunday. The results of the fair were announced Monday by Qatari Crown Prince Sheikh Hamad Ben Khalifah at a ceremony organised to distribute awards to participants in the fair who come from 17 Arab and foreign countries. The first place was taken by the Qatari pavillion. Also the Royal Jordanian (RJ) folklore troupe won meritorial awards for its daily performances at the fair's theatre. The Jordanian pavilion was opened April 6 by Minister of Tourism and Anoquities Yanal Hikmat.

University to employ students

AMMAN (Petra) — In an effort to provide financial support to university students, the Applied Sciences University Sunday took a decision allowing university students ro work 15 hours a week against a payment of 600 fils per hour. Students will be working in the library, cafeteria, agricultural activities, maintenance and painting, shops and any other areas the university might deem fit.

Dentistry conference opens Wednesday

AMMAN (Petra) - The 11th Jordanian dentists conference will open Wednesday at the Royal Cultural Centre in Amman under the motto "Developments in Clinical Dental Health." The three-day conference, organised by the Jordanian Dentists Association, will deal with issues related to dental surgeries, diseases and preventive medicine and the uses of laser in dentistry. Dentists from Iraq, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Sudan, the Israeli-occupied West Bank, Germany and the United Kingdom will participate in the conference.

Jordan-Oman panel to meet

AMMAN (Petra) - A Joiot Jordanian-Omani committee will meet in Amman April 18 uoder the co-chairmansbip of Minister of Industry and Trade Abdullah Ensoor and his Omani counterpart Maqboul Ben Ali Sultan. The committee will discuss in its several-day meetings scopes of cooperation between Jordan and Oman in industrial, commercial, and touristic fields.

20th Arab labour conference ends on optimistic note

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The 20th Arab Labour Conference, which officially ended Monday, depicted a sense of closeness between Arab countries not seen since the 1991 Gulf war. Most participants left the conference optimistic about achieving some form of economic cooperation between the Arab countries.

"The progress the conference achieved cannot be considered insignificant, bearing in mind that it seemed uoattainable at a certain point in time," said Abdul Karim Al Kabariti, Jordan's Minister of Labour and head of the conference, told the closing session of the week-long meeting. Althoogh Mr. Kabariti de-

scribed the conference as a "major success," be stressed that efforts must continue to be exerted in the same direction and open dialogue must be promoted as a way of communication.

Director General of the Arab Laboor Organisatioo (ALO) Baker Mahmoud Rasoul de-

Jordan,

Belgium

trade talks

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The joiot Jorda-

nian-Belgian Economic Com-

mission is due to hold a four-

day meeting in Amman early

next month to review trade

links and examine prospects

for joint investment projects

betweeo Jordan and Belgium.

dan Pierre do Muelenaere told

the Jordan Times that pros-

pects for increasing the level

of Belgian imports of Jorda-

nian goods, particularly agri-

cultural products, will be high

At present, Belgium and

other European Community

(EC) couotries import limited

quantities of Jordanian agri-

cultural products, but it is

possible for this situation to

change as a result of mutual

on the agenda,

Belgian Ambassador to Jor-

to hold

scribed the atmosphere of the conference as "brotberly and hooest."

The meetings reviewed topics regarding Arab labour strategy, working womeo and develop-ment, the freedom of unions in the Arab World, and the work environment including health and

security. Also discussed was the situation of the Palestinians living in the Israeli occupied territories.

The final statement of the conference included a call on Arab countries to lift restrictions on the transfer of funds collected from Palestinian expatriate workers as liberacion tax." The "liberation tax" - five per

cent of the annual earnings of the expatriates - used to be collected by the host governments and transferred to the Palestine Liberatioo Organisation (PLO) until the Gulf crisis, which strained the PLO's relations with most of the oil-rich Gulf states.

The tax condinued to be collected, but the host governments have made it difficult for the transfer of the funds to the PLO

"We call on all Arab governmeots to facilitate the transfer of money taken from salaries of Palestinians working in all Arab countries to support the PLO and the Palestinian oprising," said a statement issued late Sunday by the conference.

The Arab labour strategy was endorsed by the conference, and was described as a mutually agreeable formula to the three sides represented in the conference; the government sector; the private sector; and the workers.

One of the main points stressed during the meetings was the importance of granting workers incentives to encourage a higher level of production and efficien-

The Arab labour strategy also emphasised the need to reduce high rates of unemployment that are present in many Arab countries and to allocate a percentage of the aid coming into the country for projects that increase employ-

Participants in the conference

insisted oo decreasing unemploy-ment amoog youth and the edu-

cated through training. They, additionally, suggested providing jobs for them in special projects and financially supportng their small businesses.

The need for coordination between educacional and training institutions on the one band, and the needs of the current and future job markets on the other, was also highlighted as one of the points in the Arab labour strategy.

In addition, the strategy calls for providing employment opportunities first to one's own citizens, but encouraged the Arab countries to also employ Arab guest labour and to ease the restrictions imposed by the host count.

In a related vein and in keeping with the theme of reconciliation and cooperation, the Kuwaiti delegation announced its commitment to compensate all the Palestinian workers who lost their jobs during the Gulf crisis, referring to the thousands it expelled after the 1991 Gulf war.

The conference also decided to carry out studies on the labour and market situations and to increase cooperation in the institutions of the Arab Labour Orga-

nisation. Increasing Arab investments in the Arab World was also stres-

The Arab Labour Conference discussed a separate report entitled "The Arab Working Woman and Development," stressing the need to improve the conditions of working women in the Arab World.

The conference affirmed the need to research the status of working women and the difficulties they face in coping with the demands of work and family.

It called for holding a lecture that includes the government and private sector and labour to study how to improve the status of women at work, at home and in

In addition, the conference stressed the need to pay attention to the working Palestinian women who are resisting the

Israeli occupation forces and fulfilling their family duties.

The delegates also focused on improving the position of women who live in rural areas as well as those who are handicapped.

The conference appealed to the ALO to research the rights and freedoms of unions in the Arab World and requested that the Arab governments ratify the agreement regarding this issue.

The delegates, further, agreed to include a workshop in the 21st Arab Labour Conference to discuss this topic in detail.

Insisting on protecting the work environment from pollution and safety hazards, the delegates stated that it is the responsibility of the public and private sectors.

Moreover, they emphasised the need to establish research centres focusing on this issue. Reviewing and ratifying the budget of the ALO and electing

its officials were also main points on the agenda of the conference. The 21st Arab Labour Conference will be held in Cairo, home

keep the occupied West Bank

and Gaza Strip sealed indefinitely

as "a most brutal and repressive

act against the Palestinian peo-

We are addressing this state-

ment to the Security Council and

the United States government

of the ALO, in April, 1994.

Muslim Brotherhood bloc blasts UNRWA for 'conspiracy to liquidate Palestine problem' condemned Israel's decision to

Brotherhood bloc in the Lower House of Parliament Monday attacked what it said was a decision by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) for Palestice refugees to reduce its health, Medical Food and educational services to the Palestinian refugees

"While the Palestinian people under Israeli rule continue to face brutal and inhuman treatment at the hands of the Israeli authorities, the Palestinians in the diaspora face an arbitrary action by UNRWA" the statement said adding that "the action was part of a conspiracy to liquidate the Palestine problem."

agreemeots; Mr. dir Muele-In return, Belgium is exporting at least JD 40 milbon worth of its national prodocts to Jordan, according to 1992 figures, be said. He added that Belgium is selling Jordan electrical appliances, machinery, foodstuffs, textiles and phar-

The Belgian side to the May meetings, to be led by Robert Urbain of the Ministry of External Trade, will meet with Mioister of Iodustry and Trade Abdullah Ensour and senior mioistry officials, said the ambassador.

Referring to Belgium's aid to Jordan, Mr. Muclenaere said that his country gave Jordan JD 4 million in cash and milk powder as a grant followmg the Gulf war and is making other contributions to the Jordanian economy through the Paris Club and the EC.
In 1991, Belgium

annoonced a \$6.5 million loan to the Kingdom to help it overcome part of the economic bardship caused by the Gulf crisis.

The loan, granted on easy terms, has been used to finance imports from Belgium, according to Ministry of Io-dustry and Trade sources.

Jordan's economy was hard hit as a result of the U.N.imposed sanctions on Iraq, the Kingdom's main trading partner before the Gulf crisis.

Ministry of Iodustry and Trade Secretary General Marwan Awad has already discussed with the Belgian ambassador arrangements for the Jordanian-Belgian joint commission meeting which will take place between May 3 and 6, according to Mr. MueleAccording to the statement UNRWA intends to reduce its services to the refugees and has decided not to grant its staff any iocrements on their wages.

This provides a clear sign on the part of the agency that it is doing its own share in liquidating the Palestine problem and disposing of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian refugees, continued the statement.

The Muslim Brotherhood Bloc demanded that care and services to the refugees continue unol the Palestinians bave been repatriated because, it said, this is a right guaranteed by all U.N. resolutions particularly Resolution 194.

UNRWA said Sunday that it plans to levy token charges for health, and part of education services it offers to the refugees in Jordan and said the move was aimed at addressing the esumated \$28.5 million deficit in the agency's \$300 million budget for 1993.

RWA affairs in Jordan Sunday said "there will not be any reduction of UNRWA services, but there will not be any increases

Dennis Brown, director of UN-

The Muslim Brotherhood bloc also criticised what it called statements by some elements among the Arab parties to the peace negotiations with Israel.

These statements, it said, call for trusting in Israeli's statements which claim that Israel was ready to address the Palestinian situation in an objective manner.

"We denounce such statements

which only encourage the enemy to pursue its repressive and brutal measures, the statement said.

It said the parties making such statements seem to have forgotten that Israel has, to date disregarded all U.N. Security Council Resolutions, including Resolution 799 calling for the repatriation of the Palestinians expelled to southern Lebanon by Israel nearly five months ago.

In the same statement, the bloc

which has been bragging about its concern over human rights, said the statement.

The United States," added the statement "has been claiming it supports democracy and freedom everywhere in the world, but it tends to close its ears to the cries of the repressed Muslims and Arabs everywhere

Amman, Muscat to join in social development

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan and the Sultanate of Oman Monday exchanged documents of understanding for collaborations in social developmeet affairs.

.The documents, which wereexchanged by Minister of Social Development Amin Awad Mashaqbeh and Omani Minister of Social Affairs and Labour Ahmad Beo Mohammad Al Eisa'i, provide for eration detween musca and Amman expertise, visits by officials concerned with promoting family services, and caring for the handicapped, orphaned children and the elderly.

The agreement also provides for Jordan to offer training to officials from the Omani Mintstry of Social Affairs and Labour.

It entails exchanging Omani-Jordanian views on the creation of joint ventures pertaining to social services and the utilisation of human resources in social work.

Jordan will offer Oman five student scholarships for study at the Princess Rahma Social Affairs Training College in Allan near Amman.

in social services and special education.

Sheikh Eisa'i, who attended the recently concluded Arab Labour Conference, held extensive talks with Dr. Masbaqbeh and toured a number of ministry affiliated organisaoons in Jordan.

RJ delegates return from Beirut meetings

AMMAN (J.T.) — Chief Executive Officer and President of the national air carrier, Royal Jordaoian (RJ), Mahmoud Jamal Balgez returned to Amman Monday after heading RJ's delegation to the meetings of the 26th session of the Arab Air Transport Federation which conveoed in Beirut recentiv.

Lebanese President Elias Hrawi received during the meetings executive officers of the Arab airliners participating in the meetings and highlighted the importance of Arab carriers in developing the economies of Arab countries, pointing to Lebanon's focus on the air transport sector and tourism to return life in the country to cormal.

The federation's general assembly discussed in its meetings its activides in 1992 and

reports by its various committees. It also discussed the latest internadonal development in the air transport industry and called on Arab air carriers to prepare for international alliances and

Upon a recommendation by RJ, the general assembly decided to send a cable to the International Federatoin of Air Aviacon to affirm that the international resolution on the status of the Arab Qalandia Airport in occupied Jerusalem would not be changed.

The federadon's assembly also elected Adli Dajani as secretary general of the Arab Air Transport Federation for a third term.

It also agreed to move the general secretariat back to Beirut and to close the temporary offices which were used by it in Amman

Ministry to help local councils better address residents' problems

Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Abdul Razzaq Tubeishat urged heads of local councils to "create appropriate conditions in their regions for the activities of the local communities in addition to promoting municipal services."

Local councils in the towns and villages have an essential task of creating public gardens and promoting utilities for the benefit Of their residents, said the minister In an address at the opening of a three-day seminar attended by municipal and village council

The seminar was called to plan the creation of three centres in Amman, Irbid and Karak during

1993 to provide training courses for municipalities' staff. In emphasising the role of local

councils, the minister said many

problems affecting the daily lives of people in the towns and villages should be addressed locally without resorting to the central department, i.e. the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs. Therefore, be said, the minis-

try is planning to grant the local councils sufficient authority to enable them, through welltrained and skilled staff and adequate funds, to carry out this

Dr. Tubeishat said any improvement in the councils' performance can only come through promoting the capabilities and

efficiency of their staff. Several working papers on council services are to be reviewed at the seminar, which was Organised in cooperation with the

Cities and Villages Development Bank (CVDB). CVDB Director General Zubeir Khalifa addressed the opening session, saying that the meeting was intended to help the concerned councils identify their

requirements and agree on traincourses for their staff Councils have limited resources which should be utilised wisely by skillful staff, Dr. Khali-

fa added Heads of local councils as well as ministry officials were present at the session.



The Ministry of Youth Monday pledged to build a soccer stadium for the University of Jordan at the Physical Education Faculty. The pledge was contained in an agreement signed by Minister of Youth Saleh Irsheidat (secood from left) and University of Jordan President Fawzi Gharaibeh (second from right) at Dr. Gharaibeh's office. The stadium, which will be owned by the

university, will also be used for sports matches organised by the national teams and first division clobs, according to arrangements to be drawo up by the various teams, the agreement stipulated. It also said the university will provide the ministry and the local teams with technical assistance under a programme still to be drafted by the two sides.

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

Art exhibition entitled "The Legend of Petra II" by artist Suha Shoman at the National Gallery for Fine

French and Iraqi artists, inspired by a sculpture by Iraqi artist Mohammad Hussein Abdullah, at the French Cultural Centre. Art exhibition by Samia Al Zaru and Aduan Yahya at

Exhibition entitled "Re-creation" by Jordanian,

the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation Gallery. ☆ Art exhibition by Syrian Artist Lujaina Al Assel at Baladna Art Gallery.

FRENCH FILM WEEK

* French film entitled "Jeannot L'intrepide" at the Zarga Chamber of Commerce at 7 p.m.

(The Night) at the Philadelphia Cinema at 6 p.m. (the proceeds of the showing will benefit the Palestinian

LECTURES

The Goethe Institute today hosts an encounter between Jordanian and German architects. The encounter will include two lectures: asburg — a Historical Town in Modern

Times" by Gunter Gebauer, construction director in 2) "Amman — Town Development and Architecture" (planning problems in general and refugee camps) by Prof. Elmar Dittmann, Aga Khan Professor of Architecture, and Dr. Taleb Rifa'i, Department of Architecture, both teaching at the University of Jordan. Both lectures will start at 8 p.m.

CONCERT

Guitar and oud (lute) concert by the National Music Conservatory at the Royal Cultural Centre at 8 p.m.

TENDER ANNOUNCEMENT

Jordanian-Syrian Land Transport Co.

Invites

Contractors to participate in tender No. 3/93 for supply of spare parts for its Mercedes trucks type (L&LS 2624) as per parts numbers and quantities attached

with terms of tender. Contractors wishing to bid for tender can obtain copies of tender documents from the company in Jabal Al Hussein — behind Ministry of Health — opposite Al Fadel Ibn Abbas Mosque — Amman for a non-refundable fee of JD 120,000 (onehundred and twenty Jordanian dinars) per a copy, bearing official documents proving their registration in records of trading agents.

Offers should be submitted not later than 2:30 p.m. (Jordan local time) or: Saturday the 15th of May / 1993.

Chairman, General Manager Hisham Asfour

By Rami G. Khouri

Jordan Times

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The buck cannot be passed

ON THE occasion of the World Health Day, the

Ministry of Health and the Public Security Department have released shocking statistics on the number of fatalities and injuries on Jordanian arteries for the year 1992. We are now told that the number of Jordanians Villed or injured due to traffic related accidents, has in fact increased by 3.7 per cent in the past year to reach 338 deaths and 10,676 injuries. What adds insult to injury is the explanation offered by our authorities. The Ministry of Health told a symposium convened Sunday for this purpose that the problem stems from lack of public awareness. No-one would quarrel with the important role of the public in curbing traffic mayhems and deaths. After all it is the public who are sitting behind the driver's wheel that causes most of the carnage on Jordanian streets and highways. But the problem does not rest there since the concerned authorities also bear the brunt of the responsibility for the rise in road accidents. It is the authorities that license drivers to roam the thorough fares of the country. It is also the authorities that police that are entrusted with the enforcement of the strict driving rules prescribed by the police department. Has the concerned department been a hit more diligent in issuing driving permits to people, there would be a corresponding decrease in the number of fatalities and injuries in the country's streets and roads. Instead of paying attention to only the technical and mechanical aspects of operating a motor vehicle, it is high time that the other dimensions of driving habits are addressed. Curtious and safe driving are something that cannot be measured by a simple driving test. The procedure for testing drivers needs to be made broader in scope in order to sift the prudent driver from the reckless ones. Periodic testing of drivers need to be introduced as well as a matter of routine. Serious traffic violations must entail stiffer punishments including the probability of suspending driving licences for certain periods. What is even more relevant to the quest for lower road accidents is the full application and enforcement of traffic signs; especially stop signs which are constantly contravened with impunity. On the top of all this street lanes are hardly respected and reckless trespasses of lane demarcation lines draw no notice from the guardians of driving rules. It is common knowledge that Jordanian drivers are by and large wild drivers with no respect wbatsoever for the rights of the others, be they other cars or pedestrians walking the side walks. Traffic police do not seem perturbed by the law of the jungle that dominate the scene on avenues and streets of the country and seem content with observing the most henign parking violations. True, parking contravention bring money to the coffers of the state, but traffic-related deaths and injuries have also a heavy price tag attached to them and cost the national economy much more than the meagre money accumulated from parking fines. Before the public can be expected to acquire more awareness in the road problems, the Public Security Department personnel must also acquire awareness as to where to direct their attention in their drive for safer driving in the Kingdom and begin to target the real dimensions of the crisis instead of passing the huck to others.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

WE CANNOT betray our Islamic faith and side with the United States against Iran, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily in comments on recent reports about the U.S.-led Western threats against Tehran. Those who choose to side with the United States should realise that they are helping its Israeli ally against the Arab and Islamic World, the paper stressed. Despite Iran's hostile stand vis-a-vis the Arabs in the past, we believe that Iran's military power is a power for the Arabs and for Islam and that Iran will not take long before realising that its past unholy alliance with the United States during the Gulf war was a grave blunder, added the paper. Siding with the West against Iraq was a crime on the part of tran which had thought that it would receive an American reward for its part against the Iraqi people, the paper stressed. Nevertheless, any Western aggression on tran would not find any Muslim in the same trench with the aggressors, it added. What the Iranian regime must do now to confront the conspiracy is to reaffirm its commitment to Islam and refuse to maintain its sanctions, starvacion and genocide against the Iraqi people in the name of the United Nations, called the paper. Once the Western evil designs have been thwarted, said the paper, the so-called new world order, which is directed against the interests of Arabs and

A columnist in Al Dustour commented on Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak's statement that Iraq is the only regional power that could stem the Iranian ambitions. Mr. Mubarak made the statement following his visit to the United States where he must have discussed the situation in the region with President Bill Clinton and other U.S. officials, said Saleh Al Qallab, By making this statement, said the writer, Mr. Mubarak is revealing indirectly that the Americans have now realised their grave blunder in destroying Iraq's military might which could easily retain the military balance in the whole Middle East region.

Muslims, will end for ever.

The View from Fourth Circle

A century of Arab awakening and reawakenings

IT IS tempong to see most of the current strains in the inter-Arab political and economic order as the result of passing feuds and misunderstandings. Many around here would also like to think that the massive use of violence by governments and their political challengers throughout the region is an aberrant interlude between longer moments of security and calm. Rather than recall worlds that never were or dream of worlds that may never be, we would be better advised to recognise the full extent of the bistorical transformation taking place in the Middle East, and to try and guide it towards constructive ends rather than suppress it through the use of violence.

The political transformation taking place rationally in countries such as Jordan, Yemen, and (sort of) Sudan and Lebanon, and violently in countries such as Egypt, Algeria, Djibouo, Tunisia and others is the inevitable historical revenge of the modern Arab poliocal experience. We are violent and unstable today because violence and instability were the hallmarks of our region for most of this century. Our region and our people are deeply seeking a more responsive and stable political order because what history dealt them this century bas proven almost universally unaccept able and unworkable. We are involved in an Arab reawakening now because the Arab awakening in the early years of this century was never allowed to achieve its full national goals. The serious modern Arab distortions culminated in the deep national malaise the Arabs suffered in the 1980s, which triggered the current transformation of the Arab political/economic order through peaceful or violent means.

Highly centralised power elites that emerged in the Arab World in the middle of the twentieth century were a peculiar throwback to the feudal systems of medieval Europe, where power emanated from a central individual living in a well-protected castle on the hill, to whom all others in the fief paid bomage. In describing the modern etatist Arab state that he says was the real legacy of European imperialism, Hisham Sharabi notes in a recent book: "What made etatism so natural to neopatriarcbal society is the fact that the former was essentially nothing but the medieval sultanate in modern form. For the distinctive characteristic of etatism, like that of the sultanate, is personalised (legal and extralegal) power, which finds expression in the coercive and suppressive apparatus of the state and derives its legitimacy not from some formal (constitutional or even traditional) source, but from the reality and possession of power. In this kind of polity the ordinary person is a passive entity, a subject not a citizen, with no human or civil rights or power to influence decisions concerning society as a whole.

Such an unnatural relationship between state and community could not endure without a backlash from the people who suffered its excesses. That backlash came in the 1980s, when the stalemate with Israel and the domestic consequences of the debt crisis suddenly magnified the weaknesses of most modern Arab states. They were unable to provide their people with security and stability, for the Middle East had become the world's most unstable, violent and militaristic region, perpetually wracked by internal strife, regional wars, and occasional battles with foreign powers, and riddled with refugees, emigrants, and desperate migrant workers escaping domestic wars, political oppression, or

The Arah people routinely lacked a means to express their national identity through dignified political participation, for by the mid-1980s, not a single Arab country had a successful domestic political system based on the consent of the governed, due process of law, formal accountability of public officials. nr democratic pluralism.

A rising standard of living was no longer easily assumed, as economic regression, belt-tightening or total collapse impacted on almost every household, in the form of jobless meo and women, lower family incomes, higher prices, and a generally lower standard of living for all but the very wealthy.

And, most Arabs had cause to doubt the expectation of a reasonably secure future for their children, as the region remained ravaged by rebellions and wars, domestic problems only seemed to worsen, Israel's challenge to the Arabs remained unanswered, prospects of pan-Arab integration appeared remote, and foreign commercial and military interests appeared to strengthen their grip on Arab oil resources.

The young, historically audacious Arab states which the British and French bad created in the 1920s had cotered the 1980s as middle aged wrecks - battered, dazed, and directionless. States. like Egypt, Algeria, and Somalia tested the waters of both superpower camps, and usually chose American money as their means of survival, but not always with success. Once grand centres of Arabism shopped around, and worked the superpowers. The oil producers of the Gulf totally threw national independence and identity to the wind, to the point where one of them, Kuwait, reflagged its oil tankers under American and British flags, and then hired the American and British armies to free it from the desperate and irate adventures of a neighbouring Arab power. Lebanon had degenerated into endless, senseless communal strife, fuelled by external arms and money from many other regional and internacional quarters. Sudan was engulfed in an intractable domestic war, while millions of its people starved. The Palestinians continued to wander and wait, vainly pleading

"The quest for a rational and stable Arab community is still in its early days. The signs of our contemporary violence and instability are not signs of a nation in the throes of death, but a nation in the throes of perpetual reaffirmation and revival — a people who value life, seeking liberty and dignity in their own ancient, ancestral communities "

their moral and legal case before an uncaring world, and a helpless Arab Nation. Libya bad become almost totally politically marginalised by its erratic antics, and its desperate quest for unity with any willing Arab state - but when the Americans slapped it on the wrist with their air attack in 1986, it suddenly went very quiet. The rest of the North African states were concerned with their own economic survival and national identity; their people were still trying to salvage their past from the bewildering legacy of French colonialism, while the political power structures in Algeria, Morocco, and Tunisia entered the 1990s struggling to find a new balance between the freely expressed will of the people and the governments' obsession with security and order. Mauritania, like the rest of North Africa, was groping towards greater personal freedoms, political participation, and ethnic harmony. Iraq, one of the birthplaces of civilisation, culture, and national identity, closed out the decade in such a bapless, self-inflicted mess that it launched a foolhardy invasion of a small Arab neighbour. Somalia had degenerated into a poor excuse for civil rule and statebood.

The landscape of Arabism, and the promise of twentieth century liberation from Ottoman, British, French, and Italian control, had been transformed into a discordant, bloody heap of national confusion, and a harrowing, collective failure of statehood and identity. This was starkly brought home to researchers working with World Bank, United Nations, and other global statistics. In the late 1970s, Arab states started to drop out of the world tables one by one, because even the compilation of basic facts and figures within those countries became an impossible task. Lebanon was the first to disappear, its statistical data replaced by a massive glaring dash. Iraq followed next, then Sudan, and Somalia.

In the 1980s, the fiefs of Arabia were slowly coming to the eod of their days. The great national commercial deal that bad defined the Arab World since the 1920s - the people's allegiance and acquiescence in return for the government's provision of services and money-making opportunities - was breaking down; it was not working as it bad when the region was flush with money that the power elites could distribute through their great concentric networks of dependents and guards within their individual fiefs.

The mighty constituency was proving fickle, and true to its mercanole soul. If the power structure of the fiel's Great Leader could not keep its end of the bargain, and could not provide the people with security, identity, material development, and hope for the future, then the people would look for a new leader and a new power elite. Because the existing state systems were structurally incapable of providing physical sustenance, emotional composure, and policial identity, by the 1980s the fiefs were.

By the 1980s, the Middle East region was forced to come to terms with three interrelated political realities: the fragility and general poliocal failure of the modern Arab states, the lack of legitimacy and popular support for most incumbent governments. and rampant social and political discontent among the people of the region, especially Arabs and Iranians. The existing power structure provided no opportunity for the masses of ordinary people to release steam, and thereby to defuse the explosive combination of political frustration and economic disparity. Consequently, intense pressures built up within individual countries and finally triggered the defiant fearlessness and violence that characterises the current Arab reawakening. That fearlessness manifested itself in four main ways: Islamic fundamentalism, the overthrow of entrenched regimes, grassroots demands for democracy, human rights, and pluralism, and a willingness to fight and die for freedom from domestic subjugation, regional aggression, or foreign occupation.

In every Arab country that did not produce oil - ninety per cent of the Arab people - regimes were pressured, forced to reform, or overthrown. The most dramatic but not the only cases were the assassination of Egypoan President Anwar Sadat in 1981, the resistance of the Shi ite Lebanese to Christian Lebanese political domination and to Israeli occupation in the decade after 1975, the overthrow of President Jaafar Numeiri in Sudan in 1986, the ousting of Tunisia's "president for life" Habib Bourguiba in 1987, the overthrow of President Mohammad Siad Barre of Somalia in 1991, the transition to democracy in Algeria in 1988 and in Jordan in 1989, the assorted but unsuccessful attempts to install a more democratic system in Iraq, the coup in South Yemen in 1986 that led to the unification and democratisation of the single Yemeni state in 1990, the domestic challenge to the Syrian government in 1978-1982, popular pressures in 1990-1991 that elicited local and/or multi-party presidential elections in Mauritania and Diibouti, the pro-democracy movement in Kuwait, and the constant challenge to Egypt's ruling National Democratic Party by an array of leftist and Islamic forces.

Most oil producers escaped this demand for change, because they could still live by fear and greed; they could use their enormous oil wealth to buy the complacency of their small populations, while keeping order through elaborate, well-financed security systems. But even the oil-producers felt the pressures of a citizenry uncomfortable with a life of material progress unmatched by political evolution. Therefore, most Gulf states have instituted consultative councils as a first step towards something more sensible in the realm of participatory politics.

These are all signs of a broader historical process of rebirth and renaissance amongst 230 million Arabs who are fighting desperately to salvage their idenoity and their community from the grips of those amongst them who would sell it or lease it to commercial and military powers from distant lands. In the first two decades of this century, people in the power centres of Europe and the Ottoman Empire saw the Arab awakening as a violent, threatening phenomenon that had to be stopped or controlled. In the last two decades of this century, people in Europe, the United States and Israel see our current Arab reawakening as violent and threatening. This should surprise nobody, for the task that our grandparents initiated has not been completed. The quest for a rational and stable Arab community is still in its early days. The signs of our contemporary violence and instability are not-signs of a nation in the throes of death, but a nation in the throes of perpetual reaffirmation and revival - a people who value life, seeking liberty and dignity in their own ancient, ancestral

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Violence strikes home at South Africa's whites

By David Tucker Reuter

JOHANNESBURG — White Sonth Africans unmoved for years by the hacking, beaong and burning to death of thousands of their black compatriots are suddenly near panic as gunmen begin to target their own women and

Nearly 8,000 South Africans have died violently in the three years since President F.W de Klerk began dismantling apartheid and lifted the ban on

opposition groups. Until late last year most of the victims were black and the reac-tion of many white South Afri-

cans was largely indifference.
But the shootings of five whites including a young Johannesburg mother and two schoolchildren during a March weekend has changed indifference to outrage

"When my busband is at work 1 carry a panic button around with me all the time," said a white mother-of-two living in an affluent Johannesburg suburb. The mobile alarm links her to one of the dozens of armed secur-

ity companies mushrooming throughout the country. "When I go out in the car I keep the windows up, the doors locked and my wits about me.

You never really rid yourself of the fear that someone is out to get you and your children," said the South African woman, who did not wish to be named. Black opposition groups say Sooth Africa's whites are simply

getting a first bitter taste of the horrors endured for years by hundreds of thousands of blacks in violence-torn townships.

The whites-only government long reacted to black-on-black killings with appeals for calm and Mr. de Klerk voiced the whites'

recalled the Johannesburg killings and the slaughters of Six black schoolchildren in February. "This is barbaric and totally unacceptable in a civilised socie-

ty." he told parliament.

His response was to call up at least 21,000 army reservists in a bid to make South Africa a safer Psychologists say South Afri-

cans have become so inured to the endemic violence that their human values have been eroded. There is so much death and

violence here. We live in a culture, a climate of violence," said Jane Richardson, a department manager at the privately-run Liberty Life Childcare Centre in Johannesburg.

"In this country society does not value life very highly," she told Reuters.

The African National Congress (ANC) would argue that much of white South African society does not value black life.

ANC spokeswoman Gill Marcus, complaining about the lack of official and private outrage after the February killings of the six black children, said the response would bave been different had the victims been white.

Her predictions proved tragically accurate two weeks later when black gunmen killed Sandra Mitchley, her son Sean, 14, and 13-year-old Clare Silberbauer in an ambusb near Johannesburg.

The driver of a bijacked car ferrying the gunmen around later told police their real target was a bus carrying white schoolchildren which they missed by a few mi-

The largely wbite-controlled media worked itself into a frenzy after the killings.
Newspapers which hadn't

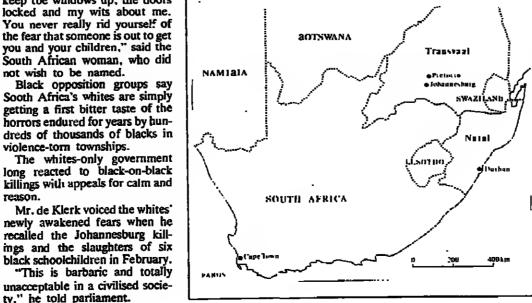
bothered to send a photographer to the Natal black massacre site, carried extensive reports, interviews with survivors and as many pictures as could be packed into their pages.

Nearly two weeks on, the bunt for the killers is soll front-page

The Commonwealth Observer Group said in February that South Africa was one of the most violent places on earth with a murder rate five times higher than the United States and 25 times higher than Britain and Canada.

"A child was killed on average nearly every two days in South Africa in 1992 and that is a terrible indictment on our society," said a Johannesburg-based human rights activist.

"Most of the victims were black, but does anyone recall their names?



Hani death strains South Africa democracy process

By Rory Channing

JOHANNESBURG - The assassination of South African Communist Party leader Chris Hani puts major strains on the transition to democracy and fuels the potential for strife.

Violence erupted within hours of Mr. Hani's death, despite an unprecedented appeal for calm by black nationalist leader Nelson Mandela on national television.

Witnesses said that police opened fire without provocation at a ceremony for Mr. Hani in the black township of Soweto, killing three blacks

Political analysts said Mr. Hani was probably the most popular leader among militant black township youth who had seen little benefit from the reform process initiated by President

F.W. de Klerk three years ago. "In a sense the goodwill is evaporating rapidly." University of Cape Town political scienost Robert Schrire said, referring to the initial euphoria when Mr. de Klerk freed Mr. Mandela and legalised black opposition groups.

Politial analyst Willem Kleynhans said the assassination would further heat the emotions of young blacks angry at the slow pace of change — "and there are

"Hani is now 100 times more a hero than even before," be said voicing concerns that the assassination would lead to mass protests fuelling the potential for strife and harming the peace pro-

Many blacks may be worse off now than at the start of the reforms. The country has undergone its

longest recession in more than 80 years. The economy has shrunk for three years in a row and the ranks of jobless have swelled. Zach de Beer, leader of the Liberal Democratic Party, said. the assassination would be seen by blacks as a vicious, hostile act

Police are interrogating a Pol-



ish immigrant in connection with Mr. Hani's killing Saturday. Newspapers reported the suspect was linked to an extremist right-

wing group.
"It's going to make everything more difficult." Mr. de Beer said. Mr. Hani, 50. led the ANC's armed wing Umkhonto Wesizwe (spear of the nation) before taking over as general secretary of the movement's Communist Par-

Mr. Schrire said that although Mr. Hani was seen by some to symbolise the radical left, he was acknowledged as a moderating influence by those involved in the negotiating process.

Archbishop Desmond Tutu said Mr. Hani had the most credibility of any political leader among township youth and his death was a severe blow to efforts to persuade radicals to renounce

The other darling of the townships is Mr. Mandela's estranged wife Winnie, who has criticised the ANC leadership for taking an elitist stance in democracy negotiations and of ignoring the interests of grassroots blacks.

Mr. Hani built up a strong following in the townsbips as chief of staff of Umkhonto

blacks flocked to join since widespread anti-apartheid riots broke out in 1976.

But in recent weeks his message had been one of peace.

He recommended the disbanding of "self-defence units" armed youth groups set up by the ANC to protect their communities from the political violence in which 8,000 blacks have died in the last three years.

ANC leaders have since lost control of the units, many of which operate as criminal gangs preying on the communities they. were supposed to protect.

Mr. Hani last week issued a rare public ANC condemnation of the armed struggle being waged by the more radical Pan Africanisi Congress, saying war

was no longer appropriate. Prominent leaders including Arehbishop Tutu, Mr. Mandela and Mr. de Klerk all appealed to South Africans not to overreact to Mr. Hani's murder, saying violence would play into the hands of those who wanted

As news of the assassination spread Saturday, demonstrations were held in townships in Cape Town, Johannesburg and the Wesizwe, an organisation, young eastern Cape Province.

democracy negotiations to fail.

Cabinet closer to sales tax law

(Continued from page 1)

various sectors have made considerable progress," said an official source. "All indications are that the tax could be introduced with effect from May I, with the enactment of a temporary law."

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The Constitution allows the implementation of legislation as temporary laws endorsed by a royal decree when Parliament is not in session. Such iaws, however, are subject to Parliament approval as an when the legislative anthority is convened.

Disputes over provisions of the legislation on sales tax are as intense between local importers and manufacturers as they are between the government and the private sector as a wbole.

Local manufacturers, represented by the Chamber of Industry, are arguing that they will be banded down the heavier end of the deal since they will be facing severe competition from importers and making lesser profit under the law as drafted by the govern-

They point out that the tax on imports will be calculated on the landed cost (cost, insurance and freight), while the levy on local products will be on the invoice value of products leaving the warehouse of the mannfacturer.

As a remedy to address what they see as an imbalance, local manufacturers are calling on the government to levy the sales tax from importers on the basis of the total landed cost plus customs duties and related fees as well as an assumed profit on imported products.

"Our invoices to wholesale/ retail outlets reflect the customs duties and other expenses as well as our profit margin," said the owner of a local manufacturing company. "The importers will pay the tax only on their landed cost. and this would give them a competitive edge in terms of what the ultimate consumer

pays," he argued. Another bone of contention between the government and the private sector was removed when the Ministry of Finance and Customs agreed that the draft law will not automatically empower the cabinet to implement the "second stage" of the tax conversion of sales tax into value added tax (VAT).

Under the VAT system, as it is in force in the West, sales tax is collected from the con-

sumer at the sales point. Such a conversion is expected in five to seven years in Jordan, but, under the compromise, it will be implemented only by the enactment of a new law.

This will ensure that there will be no surprises for the trade and industry sector." said Dr. Fanek, the econom-

More fundamentally, Ali Dajani, advisor to the Chamber of Industry, believes that the introduction of sales tax "is untimely," particularly that it comes at a time when Jordan's manufacturing sector

needs strengthening.

According to Mr. Dajani,
"the whole system of consumption tax itself is not performing well and needs scrutiny to find where the flaws

"Our industries are in their infancy when compared with other countries," Mr. Dajani said. "Not only do they need protection of capital investment but also strong support to develop their export potential so that they can perform a strong role in building the

Mr. Dajani argued that Jordanian industries have not performed up to the expected level of exports and, as such. the imposition of taxes in any form on local products in the local market will hurt them. particularly given some of the characteristics of Jordan's economy.

'Jordanian industries need a breathing space, baving snffered two severe and consecutive blows since 1989," he said, referring to the 1988-1989 devaluation of the Jordaniao dinar and the losses Jordan incurred as a result of the 1990-91 Gulf crisis.

Indicators which show a strong performance of the economy, he said, are mostly based on activities in the construction sector and related industries rather than an overall reflection.

The boom in the construction sector is a short-term phenomenon," he said.

Mr. Dajani said Jordanian industries were also at a disadvantage resulting from several other factors, including the devaluation of the dinar which made imported raw materials costlier, additional freight and insurance charges incurred as a result of international inspection of Jordan-bound cargo in the Red Sea, and a recent hike in port charges at Aqaba.

Sudan pins hopes on Libya

(Continued from page 1)

"There is a very specific and very intentional effort by donors to deny us financial assistance not only on bilateral bases but also to lean on international bodies not to help Sudan," said Mr. Hamdi. He said that until 1989, half of Sudan's budget was financed by foreign aid.

Sudan has been politically and economically isolated since the government of Omar Hassan Al Bashir assumed power in a military coup in 1989. Arab aid stopped flowing in the aftermath of the Gulf war and Western aid was halted due to charges of human rights abuses and support for 'terrorism."

American embassy sources in Khartoum told the Jordan Times that the U.S. would not resume aid to Sudan until it returns to civil rule and stop "widespread human rights violations."

In 1990, Sudan started an economic restructuring programme with the announced objective of reaching self-sufficiency. The programme included tough au-sterity measures and the lifting of subsidies which sent prices soar-

Enhancing the performance of the agricultural sector was the major target of the programme. Mr. Hamdi said its success was reflected in the 15 to 17 per cent expected growth of the gross

domestic product. But while the area of agriculture has been expanded from 11 million to 33 million acres, low productivity is still a major prob-

'Although we have expanded agriculture tremendously..., productivity is still very low." Mr.

Mr. Hamdi said logistic difficulties and an underdeveloped infrastructure were also obstructing the success of the programme. And even though the lifting of subsidies and the floating of the Sudanese pound, which, Mr. Hamdi said, is till above its real value, bave caused high inflation, severely hitting the standards of living, the minister said he was not worried about the social repurcussions of the programme because the people are "very understanding.

He said Sudan was not keen on resorting to subsidies to ease the impact of the programme but might apply it selectively to support certain sectors of the eco-

"Subsidies killed the agriculture sector which represents 40 per cent of the GDP and 80 per cent of the population," he said. "Either this or the country would have died," he said.

He said it was unfair to subsidisc 20 per cent of the population, the urban community, at the expense of the other 80 per cent. City dwellers, who traditionally benefitted from the subsidies. were the worst hit by the lifting of subsidies since salary increase did not correspond with inflation.

Mr. Hamdi added that the government expects to bring inflation from 87 per cent to 59 per cent by the end of the current fiscal year in June through managing expenditure and putting as ceiling to military expenditure which amounted to 20 billion Sudanese pounds (about \$150 million) in 1992 compared to seven billion (about \$20 million) in 1991.

He said Sudan had no choice but to proceed with its economic restructuring programme despite the lack of international support.

Leading archaeologist says

By David Keys ABRAHAM, Jacob, Moses, King David, and King Solomon in all his splendour, never existed, a 15-year study of archaeological evidence has con-

The study - by Professor Thomas Thompson, one of the world's foremost authorines on biblical archaeology — says that the first 10 books of the Old Testament are almost certainly fiction, written between 500 and 1,500 years after the events they purport to describe.

Professor Thompson's claims, outlined in a new book, The Early History of the Israelite People, are being taken seriously

The British Museum's leading expert on the archaeology of the Holy Land, Jonathan Tubb, said last week: "Professor Thompson may well be right in many of his arguments. His book is a work of tremondons scholarship. He bas been meticulous in bis research, and brave in expressing what many of us have thought intuitively for a long time but have been reticent in saying."

Professor Thompson — from Marquette University in Milwaukee — says that there is a complete absence of archaeological and historical evidence for many events portrayed in the

Bible. The inevitable conclusion. he argues, is that the Israelite exile in Egypt, the Exodus and the Israelite conquest of the Promised Land never took place.

Excavations bave found no trace of a settled population around Judea and Jerusalem during the 10th century BC, when the Kingdom of David and Solomon was supposed to have flourished. A community that could have supported a kingdom did not form in Judea until at least a century later, Professor Thompson said. Jerusalem did not become a large and politically influential city until about 650

He added: "It is out of the question that Saul, David, and Solomon, as described as kings in the Bible, could have existed. I think the biblical accounts are wonderful stories, invented at the time when Jerusalem was part of the Persian Empire in the 5th Century BC."

The Israelite nation, he believes, was a creation of the Persian Empire and was formed around 450 BC. But the people who were moved to Jerusalem at that time were not the descendants of those who had been deponed from the city after the Babylonian capture in 586 BC. They were descendants of Syrian Philistine, Phoenician, Judean,

Siege poses hardships for Palestinians

(Continued from page 1)

security-wise, is a mistake politically and unbearably from a humane point of view," said Environment Minister Yossi Sarid,

Arab shot dead

An Israeli settler returning to his settlement from a Sunday evening out in Jerusalem chased three Palestinians he allegedly thought were trying to steal a car and shot one of them dead, police

and Israel radio said Monday. The radio said the gunman said he fired after one of the Palestinians pointed what he thought was a weapon at him. The radio said the car did not

belong to the Israeli. Neither the radio nor police said whether the dead man was armed. The Israeli was arrested and his

gun confiscated. Israel's police chief told Israelis March after a wave of attacks by Palestinians on Jews that any Israeli licensed to carry a gun

Palestinians on final sprint to talks

(Continued from page 1)

"Rabin has forgotten he is dealing with a new model of Islamists at Marj Al Zohour." said Dr. Rantisi, a founder of the Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas. "He must get rid of his stubbornness.

'In Amman, Hamas warned of 'grave popular consequences" if the PLO authorised Palestinian delegates to resume the peace

"This (participatioo) would mean that the Polestinian lead-Mohammad Nazzal, Hamas' Jordan representative, told Reuters.

Mr. Nazzal said Israel's offer to admit Mr. Husseini to the talks would not solve the plight of the

The Israeli agreement to allow Mr. Husseini to join the negotiations has probably tipped the balance, but is only one element in a package expected to set the talks in motion April 20 after a four-month hiatus.

There are two other key elements in the package, U.S. government officials and diplomats

First, there is the promise that Israel will put forward substantially new proposals on Palestiership would have turned its back nian self-rule in the occupied on the people and pitted itself in a confrontation with them," wards meeting Palestinian conwards meeting Palestinian con-

Second, there is the prospect of a much more active U.S. role in the talks.

CROWN INTL EST.

been forcibly deported to Baby-

The first temple to Yahweh in Jerusalem was built at the insoga-tion of the Persians, also in 450 BC — 500 years after the date suggested by the Bible. Before then, the main centre for the worship of Yahweh was in Samaria but, according to Professor Thompson, the religion had been in decline for several centuries. The Persian motive was to build up Jerusalem, with its newlyplanted population, as a city of regional importance and to reduce Samaria's standing. It was the Persian empire's practice to build temples to important regional deities.

Professor Thompson's thesis was taken calmly last week by leading spokesmen for Judaism. Rabbi Stephen Howard, chairman of the Union of Liberal and Progressive Synagogues Rabbinic Conference, said: "The Bible was written to explore the human relationship with God, not primarily as a history book. It is the wisdom, not the historicity, of the Bible which is of prime import-

Rabbi Julian Jacobs, a member of Chief Rabbi's cabinet, said: 'The Bible, being of divine origin, can stand on its own feet and does not require supportive evi-

But the book - which is pub-

lished by E.J. Brill in Leiden, the Netherlands - will offend some religious groups. Reverend Clive Calver, general director of the Evangelical Alliance, which claims 1.2 million supporters. said it was the beginning of "a new phase in attacks upon the authenticity of scripture' - The independent.

(E)

Russians scrabble for Old Testament stories are fiction tobacco in city refuse dump

behind the new high prices.

on a state pension.

Mr. Mokeyev lives with his

By Fiona Fleck

MOSCOW - Mikhail Mokeyev wears a tattered pair of boots with holes in them and a mudencrusted winter coat. Once his winter clothes were

new. Now they look like rags. These are all he has and all he expects to have. He will never have enough money to buy new clothes again, he says.

"I worked for 40 years in a car factory. I was a specialist. Now look at me. I am like a beggar." says 60-year-old Mokeyev clutching a bag tied with string, crammed with other people's rubbish. He had spent the whole day scrabbling for it on a ruhbish dump at Mashkino outside the

Our politicians can afford to buy eigarettes. But I have in come here for tobacco," he says Mr. Mokevey is one of hun-

dreds of people who come here to rummage in the rubhish for other people's cast-offs and collect tobacco dust dumped here daily by the Yava cigarette factory. They say they cannot afford to huy Russian cigarettes any more

at a minimum price of 60 roubles (eight U.S. cents) a pack. Here they can gather the dust and rubbish, sieve it out and glean grains of tohacco for nothing.

The dump already has a reputation all over Moscow and the surrounding regions as a place where people never go home empty-handed. People come from all over the Moscow region and cities beyond such as Tver 160 kilometres away.

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A few are down-and-outs who dled in dust-ridden clothes , pick live in Moscow's squalid railway through the rubbish from dawn to stations. But most of them are sundown. members of a new class of impoverished Russians who have

heen reduced to destitution by They are pensioners like Mr. livestock. Mokevev or people on low state

salaries whose incomes fall far cents), packing away their catch wife and sister in a two-room flut in hulging canvas rucksacks.

in Zelenograd, outside Moscow, But his and his wife's joint pension of 12,000 rouhles (\$16) a month, he says, is only enough to

keep the family on a diet of bread Mr. Mokeyev has been coming here regularly for a year. He smoked some of the tobacco himself, rnlled in makeshift eigarettes in torn squares of newspaper. The rest he sells on the street where he makes about 3,000 rousaid. "When the tobacco arrives hles (\$4) a month. it's just like a hattle."

He gives this to his daughter, a nurse - a traditionally hadlypaid profession in Russia - who was ahandoned by her husband and is struggling to hring up two

children single-handed. Workers from all over the former Soviet Union used to come to Mashkino to stay in holiday homes. Some say it was once one of the most heautiful places outside Moschw.

A couple of years ago a small firm hought the land and turned it into a private refuse dump, according to Foreman Anatoly

Today droves of people, hun-

They poke at the stinking mounds of ruhhish with sticks and blackened hands, fishing out rotten food products — for themselees, their families and their

They gather grimy jars and bottles - which can be returned for 10 to 20 raubles (two to four

Encircled by clouds of hlack smoke, they huddle around camp fires of smouldering garbage roasting mouldy sausages on a

'I am ashamed for my country. Our politicians are just communists who have changed their colours and now they call themselves democrats," said Mr. Ivanov, "All they are interested in is lining their own pockets. "Look at how these people live. Russians need so little to survice," he

At three o'clock in the afternoon an orange truck pulls up on the icy mud-track, Somebody eries: "the tobacco it's arrived."

The truck lowers a large contamer full of cardboard boxes the day's delivery of tobacco dust — which tumble on to the ground and break apart, sending grey brown clouds into the air.

The foreman gives the signal and a swarm of scacengers swoop down on the tobacco greedily pouring the dust into sacks and canvas rucksacks. "It's like gold," said taxi-driver

Yuri. "It's worth so much money."

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EUROPEAN BASKETBALL FINALS

Strict security in bid to avoid repeat violence

ATHENS (R) — Strict security will be in force at the European Clubs' Baskethall Championship finals in a hid to avoid a repeat of the violence that shamed the sport's last showpiece event.

Two Turkish players were attacked and injured in last month's Cup Winners' Cup final in Turin where Greek fans invaded the court after Aris Salonika beat SK Istanhul.

Aris have since been fined and hanned from European competition for a year.

But with neighbours Paok Salonika reaching the final four of the champions' competition starting Tuesday, there are fears of more trouble from the volatile Greek home crowd.

Real Madrid's Arvidas Sabonis, one of the tournament stars, told the Spanish newspaper El Mundo: "I'm worried that there may be real war in Athens."

Sahonis, a 2.2 metres tall Lithuanian, who has won Olympic gold and hronze medals, added: "I just hope no one goes for my head with a hammer. With my height, I am an easy target. The international federation (FIBA) don't do much ahout it ...

and won't until a player gets Munich-hased FIBA warned the Greek Federation after the disgraceful scenes in Turin about them responsibility to ensure a

trouble-free event in Athens. All fans entering the 16,000 capacity "peace and friendship" stadium will he body-searched and stripped of anything which

phed against the odds to enhance .

their chances of winning their

respective soccer championships

. And in Spain a shock loss by

Barcelona allowed Real Madrid

to draw level on points at the top

Benfica joined Portuguese

League leaders Porto at the top

with a 3-2 victory at Boavista

despite having two players sent

off, including their goalkeeper.

Manchester United went top of

the English Premier League with

a dramatie 2-1 win over Cup final

finalists Sheffield Wednesday as

skipper Steve Bruce scored twice

in the dying minutes - the win-

ner coming five minutes into in-

jury time.
The two old giants of European

soccer, who met in the 1986 European Cup Final, were

helped in their quest for domestic

honours with their nearest rivals

both held to 0-0 home draws.

Defending Portuguese cham-

pions Porto, who have a game in

hand over Benfica but travel to

their rivals's stadium of light next

weekend, were held at home hy

Sporting Lisbon and lead Benfica

by virtue of one extra goal

THIS BUTTER

IS PRACTICALLY

FROZEN.

Peanuts

Andy Capp

of the league standings.

at the weekend.

particularly bottles, coins lighters and even cigarette packs. Around 1,000 specially trained police will

be on doty.

About 6,000 pack fans are expected for Tuesday's semifinals when the Greek cluh play Italy's Benetton Treviso and Real Madrid meet Limoges of France.

Paok's allocation of tickets has been sold ont for days. Club spokesman Makis Voitsides said: We have to watch where the tickets go because we fear fan trouble. We know the troublemakers and will not let them undermine Paok's future."

Greek fans have a poor record and the clubs pay for it in a country where baskethall is a huge passion.

Levingston is the Greek hero

Cliff Levingston, a hero in Salonika, hids to add to his NBA glories in this week's European Clubs' Championship finale in Athens.

The fans love him. He is a steady scorer, a top rebounder and a great character. Paok's hopes of the title depend a great deal on Levingston's perform-ance. "Paok spokesman Makis Voitsides said.

The 32-year-old 2.04-metre forward, who won NBA titles with the Chicago Bulls is 1991 and 1992, signed a \$2.2 million two-year contract with Salonika

The Bulls wanted to keep me hut with less money. Paok gave me more money hut also

Benfica had defender Helder

Cristovao sent off for two bookable offences and goalkeeper Adelino Neno dismissed in the

74th minute for bringing down

Boavista's Brazilian striker Nel-

son Bertulazzi who was on the

Antonio Caetano sent off in the

scored from the ensuing penalty

point lead in Spain was wiped out

hy Saturday's I-0 defeat at Athle-

tic Bilhao - only their third of

Real Madrid won 3-1 against

Espanol in Barcelona but remain

second on goal difference. For-

mer league leaders Deportivo Coruna beat Alhacete 3-2 to

move within one point of the top.

lit came to the rescue of AC

Milan with a goal six minutes

from time to earn them a 1-1

draw with city rivals and title

seven-point cushion over second-

placed Inter and with seven games remaining, killed off any

The draw maintained Milan's

contenders Internazionale.

NOBODY TOLD ME

BE THIS HARD!

LIFE WAS GOING TO

In Italy, Dutchman Ruud Gul-

Champions' Barcelona's two-

27th minute for two yellow cards,

Boavista, who had defender

verge of scoring.

the season.

Man. United, Benfica

win against the odds

LONDON (R) — Benfica and scored. Villa drew 0-0 with Manchester United both trium- Coventry.

He averaged 19 points in Paok's European matches this season and is considered one of the best rebounders in Europe. His clash with Benetton Trev-

iso's Toni Kukoc Tuesday will be a key factor in deciding who goes into Thursday's final. "Levingston and Kukoc will

have some terrific fights under the basket. The winner will probahly meet Real Madrid who we believe will easily overcome Limoges," Voitsides said.

Pack will also rely on shooting to win something more with Beguard Branislav Prelevic.

Failure not in Kukoc vocabulary

Run down the list of Toni Kukoc's basketball achievements and what you see is a near unblemished record.

If the Croat does not lead Benetton Treviso to the European Champion Clubs' title in Athens this week, it will be virtually the first time a major basketball title has duded him,

The 23-year-old helped Yugoslavia to the World Championship in 1990 and for three years until 1991 led his club team Jugoplastika Split to three consecutive European club titles.

Whether he plays forward, centre or point guard, the gangly, 2.08-metre Kukoc is the focus and driving force of any team.

In the three-game quarter-final against Pesaro Kukoc scored an astonishing 95 points.

the title.

I HATE GETTING

UP IN THE

MORNING.

SCHOOL DRIVES

ME CRAZY ..

Cup Winners' Cup semifinalists

Parma moved third, four points

behind Inter, after beating Cag-

hari 3-1 at home as Lazio drop-

with relegation strugglers foggia.

their winning touch to pull clear

at the top of the German League

with a 2-0 victory over title rivals

Bayern, who had squandered a

four-point lead with defeats in

their last two matches, moved

two points clear as leading rivals

werder Bremen suffered a 3-0

defeat at Eintracht Frankfurt,

AND NOW I HAVE TO

WITH CHUNKY BUTTER

BUTTER MY TOAST

Borussia Dortmund.

Bayern Munich rediscovered

ped a point in a 1-1 home draw time.

by NBA champions Chicago Balls, clamouring for his services last season, Kukoc chose to sign a six-year \$16 million contract with

Benetton's success since Kukoc's arrival has been a douhie-edged sword for team owner Gilberto Benetton because it has only increased Chicago's interest.

The Bulis' general manager Jerry Krause has been on the phone regularly to Kukoc, trying to coax him over to Chicago. But Kukoc says: "I'm looking

netton. That's my main goal at the moment." Kukoc said the main reason be did not joint Chicago last season - he was drafted by the Bulls in 1991 — was because of the out-break of war in his home country.

"I was very preoccupied by that," he said. "My family is still living in Split and I wanted to be near them.

Kijoc and his team mates leave for Athens Monday for the most important few days in Treviso's history. The Italian club play Paok Salonika Tuesday for a place in Thursday's final. Kukoc has witnessed first-hand

the fanticism of Greek fans when he played against Salonika for Jugoplastika Split. The first time I played against

Salonika it was the most pressure Tvc ever felt under," he said. You're playing not only against the guys on the court but against the 9,000 fans screaming at you in the gym,"

Dutch midfielder Jan Wouters

scored Bayern's first goal with a

25-metre shot and German inter-

national Olaf Thon made it 2-0

with a penalty 10 minutes from

In france, Marseille stayed

top with a comfortable 2-0 home

win over Sochaux to maintain

their two-point lead as the top

Croatian Alen Boksic and Ger-

man Rudi Voeller scored

Marseille's goals while Jerome Gnako scored twice in Monaco's

4-2 victory over Caen to keep

"CHUNKY

SUTTER?

four teams all won.

them second.

Paolo Maldini (left) of AC Milan and teammate Frank Rijkaard

(right) tussle for the ball with Inter's Ruben Sosa during their Italian

real likelihood of them conceding who moved up to third place.



winners of the 41st Kenya Safari-Rally inbilate after finishing the 3,778 kilometre route (AFP photo)

Kankkunen seals 3rd Safari victory

NAIROBI (AP) — Juha Kank-kunen of Finland won the Safari Rally Monday to become the (2,342-mile) 342-mile rou fourth driver to win the 41-yearold endurance test three times.

Kankkunen, driving a Toyota Celica turbo 4wd, had 3 hours, 54 minutes in penalty points. Compatriot and teammate Markku Alen, also in a Toyota, had 4 hours, 3 minutes and Kenya's Ian Duncan, also in a Toyota, 5 hours, 24 minutes.

Kankkunen won the Safari Rally in 1985 and 1991. Shekhar Mehta of Kenya won the race four times and Bjom Waldegaard of Sweden and Joginder Singh of This year's 3,778-kilometre

(2,342-mile) 342-mile route was divided into five legs, each split into sectors. Competitors were required to cover each sector within a specified time, and lost a point for every minute they were late. Stragglers were time barred. The winner was the driver with the least penalty points.

Only 17 of the 44 starters finished the race. The rest were either time barred or withdrew with mechanical problems. The contest is fourth of 13 in

World Championship rallies and counts for the manufacturers and drivers' awards.

Sanchez Vicario beats Sabatini in final

FLORIDA (R) - Top-seeded Arantxa Sanchez Vicario, the hottest player on the women's circuit, beat two-time defending champion Gabriela Sahatini 6-2 5-7 6-2 Sunday in the final of the \$375,000 Bausch Lomb Tennis Championships.

"I know 1'm playing very well," said Sanchez Vicario after picking up her 10 career title. . "For sure, the players know that I'm in my best shape and hitting the ball very well. I'm number three, I'm strong and I'm onsistent," the Spaniard added. Sanchez Vicario trails fifthranked Sabatioi 11-7 in Career games. meetings, but has now won their last four encounters.

The two-hour 45-minute final was a wonderful display of tennis on both sides of the net.

"I moved the ball very well, changed the pace, hit a lot of drop shots and went to the net," said Sanchez Vicario. "She didn't know what I was going to do."
After Sahatini, the second

seed, won the first two games, Sanchez Vicario took control, winning the next eight for a 6-2

Then Sahatini started to get more aggressive. The Argentine hroke serve in the sixth and 12th game to push the match two a third set. Despite slipping in the first

game of the third set and needing a three-minute time-out to retape her right ankle, which she had injured earlier in the week, Sanchez Vicario was the fitter player

at the end. "If I was a little bit more strong I could've won the match." said need to play these kinds of Sabatini. "I was a little tired and matches and win them."

it's hard to try and attack when your legs are not the same."

Arantea Sanchez Vicario

Usually more comfortable ar the baseline in a slugfest, Sanchez Vicario ventured to the net frequently in the final set and broke serve in the fifth and seventh

The \$75,000 victory was her first at this event and marked her fourth successive appearance in a

She successfully defended her Lipton Championships title in key Biscayne, Florida, last month with a win over second-ranked Steffi Graf.

Graf was responsible for both her recent final losses — at the Virginia Slims of Florida in march and the family circle Magazine Cup last week.

Sabatini was gunning for her first title since winning the 1992 Italian Open last May, she lost to Martina Navratilova in her only other final appearance since Italy at fielderstadt, Germany in October.

She is not concerned she hasnot visited the winner's circle in almost a year.

"I'm not thinking about that," said Sabatini, who took home 30,000. "I'm not worried. I just

ONE TRICK TOO MANY with a diamond rue bid.

Pass 3 7 Pass Pass Pass

It would seem that 12 tricks in spades present no problem on this deal from a rubber bridge game. However, a clever deceptive play by East led declarer astray.

tion to insist on playing in the good six-card heart suit. With an eightcard spade fit coolirmed. North cuebid the ace of clubs and bounced into slam wheo South cooperated

West led a club, taken in the dummy. Trumps were drawn in three rounds, ending in hand, and a beart was led to the ten. East ducked amouthly! Declarer cashed the ace of hearts, discarding a diamond, and continued with the queen. When Rast followed with a low heart, only one heart was outstanding, the king and declarer "knew" the monarch was with West. Declarer ruffed confidently, and received a mortal blow when West discarded a diamond. Since declarer could no longer set up and use the long hearts, South crossed to the remaining high club and tried the diamond finesse in an effort to limit the damage to down

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY APRIL 13, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: dt could turn out to be a very adverse day and evening if you make those sarcastic and unpleasant comments that come to mind. Realise that others, less fortunate, are being pressured by planetary positions.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You can dash from one interest or person to another and not find satisfaction in any of this hut in-stead finish activities already begun by you.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) way to have more of this world goods to another and you can make a big error by making any

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21)
Promises made by anyone in the
outside world is most likely to be broken or changed and not for the better so sidestep seeing outsider MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Private worries that obsess you should now be kept to yourself for you lose compaoions if you try to unload your problems upon

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You are too likely to expect friends and acquaintances to put themselves out to do for you but they are apt to feel the same about you in terms

VERGO: (August 22 to September 22) In a dispute between an outsid-

er and a partner keep nut of the way of fire or you as a potential peacemaker can wind up as a

casualty instead. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You find that the delights which appeal to you have too hig a pricetag connected with them so engage in pleasures that are simple and inexpensive.

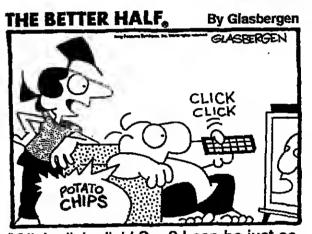
SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You are sorely tempted to take some risk now but it would not be worth your while since the cards are now stacked against you

today and tonight. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 10 December 21) Lack of accord between a partner and a family mem-ber can engulf you in a lense position so try to be absent if this looks as though taking place.

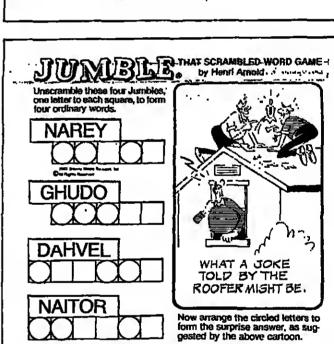
CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Fellow associates do not feel you have to leave a task for some errand or other outside interest that could cause trouble if

you do so. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You have some practical matters to attend to but use this day first to get into the creative ets whatever may be of con-

cern to you. PISCES: (Feb. 20 to March 20) Your personal desires and the wishes of your family are far apart today but to maintain harmony at home first carry through with fami-



"Click-click-click! See? I can be just as interesting as that stupid remote control! Click-click..."



Jumbles: DRAWL NEWSY PLURAL BECKON

Answer: What the chef got when he refused to serve fresh vegetables—"CANNED"

GOREN BRIDGE

Tribune Media Services, Inc.

North-South vulnerable. South

NORTH 7 A Q J 10 6 4 +AK8 WEST EAST 4J108 **±62** ∇K732 2 \$\frac{1}{3}\frac{1}{2} \tag{10.84} \tag{3} \frac{1}{2} \tag{10.2} \tag{50UTH} A Q 9 5 4

VAQ73 South West North East

Opening lead; Three of .

Note that North felt no compune

There might be some argument in

eupport of South's decision to play for the overtrick had this beeo a duplicate pair event. However, at rubber bridge declarer had made an egregious blunder. All declarer had to do was discard on the third heart instead of ruffing. If West beld the king, there would be three good bearts in dummy to provide parking places for declarer's remaining mi-nor-suit losers. Then East's bit of chicanery would have gone for naught, but what a small price to pay to defeat a vulnerable slam!

THE Daily Crossword by Harry Bryan ACROSS 1 Elevator cars 6 Ivy Leaguer 9 Money owed 13 Put in good humor 14 Tiny mass 15 Valley



9 White House monogram 10 Baid or double 11 Song genra 12 Beliat 12 Beliat 14 Org. 16 Andean beast 21 Rolls— 24 Practical one 26 A Fillimore

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Mutt'n'Jeff

ALL I DO IS STANO BY THE CLOCK AND SEE THAT EVERY-ONE PUNCHES IN AND OUT HIMSELT!

















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Egypt

opens up

financial

markets

with new

CAIRO (RI - Egypt, trying to

inject life into its financial mar-

kets, said Monday it would ex-

empt investors from tax on stock

market profits and abolish a ceil-

ing on corporate bond interest

Local bankers said the new

law, which took effect Monday, should bring Cairo's long dor-

mant stock market - once the

sixth largest in the world — back

law

rates.

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET



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Malaysia stops recruiting unskilled foreign labour

KUALA LUMPUR (AP) - The government has asked employment agencies to stop recruiting unskilled workers from abroad. Depotfy Prime Minister Abdul Ghafar Baba said Monday. Mr. Ghafar said 240,000 fore-

ign workers who had registered to work bere bad yet to find jobs. and another 4,000 without work permits were being kept at detention centres.

The government bas spent illegal workers, he said. Mr. Ghafar said work must be

found for the registered foreigners before more could be allowed ioto the country. there are also Thais, Indians, Burmese, Bangladesbis, Sri Laokaos aod Pakistaois in

The government says the ban on recruitment only applies to unskilled workers for the agricultural, construction, manufac turing, tourism logging and other industries, and oot to skilled workers such as doctors and

Malaysia has a population of 18 million and a work force of about seven million. Unemployment is around four per cent.

Labour department officials \$3.85 million over the past few months on 10 detention centre for rate of more than seven per cent and massive foreign investment has led to a massive influx of foreign workers over the past few

Mr. Ghafar said there were Most of the foreign workers are now about 800,000 foreign work-Indonesians and Filipinos, but ers in Malaysia, equally divided between west Malaysia on the Malay peninsula and the states of Sarawak and Sabah on Borneo

Malaysia without jobs.

DHAKA, Bangladesh (AP) — for Regional Cooperation, found-the seven oations of South Asia ed in 1985, has made little progfailed Sunday to reach an agreement to cut the steep tariffs and taxes that bave long prevented opeo trade in their impoverished

region.

After a weekend summit meeting, the leaders of the countries signed a declaration favouring better trade, but it doesn't even commit them to opening a first round of negotiations oo the

The summit also failed to take another step that some of the nations bad proposed: The creation of a fuod to help fight the poverty that afflicts half of the more than one billion people in

The 15-page agreement signed at the conclusion of the summit merely says all the nations bope to redoce terrorism, poliution, overpopulation, discrimination against children and women, and smuggling in the region. The South Asian Association

ANKARA (R) — Turkey needs

to tighten monetary policy and

push through a series of economie

budget targets, the Organisation

for Economie Cooperation and

tighten policies if the growth and

development of the Turkish eco-

oomy is to be put on a secure

footing," the OECD said in an

annual survey of the Turkish eco-

"The government must demon-

reforms if it is to achieve its

ress in uniting the area, which stretches from the Himalaya mountains to the Indian Ocean and the Khyber pass to the mouth

When the summit began Saturday morning, the seven leaders urged South Asia to reduce the widespread animosity that has long prevented it from forming a trade alliance similar to the European Community.

> people were unable or unwilling to look for work, he said. He estimated Russia's total work force to be around about 70

Dollar falls to another record low against yen

TOKYO (AP) — The U.S. dollar fell to another record low against the Japanese yen Monday, de-spite reported intervention by Japan's eentral bank, while

Tokyo share prices edged down. The dollar closed at 112.95 yen, down 0.20 yen from the previous record low close, set Friday, and also lower than its intra-day low of 113.12 in New York Friday.

It was the dollar's lowest close in Tokyo since modern exebange rates were set in the late 1940s.

The dollar now has elosed at record lows on six of the last eight trading days in Tokyo. Since Feb. 2, it has fallen a total of 18.03 yen, or 9.6 per cent, as market players anticipated pressure on lapan from its trade partners to let the yen rise.

A higher yen would be expected to help cut Japan's trade surpluses by making Japanese products more expensive abroad, and foreign goods cheaper in

"No one feels yet that the dollar has hit bottom," said Tosbimichi Oisbi, an exchange dealer with the Bank of Yoko-

Other traders said earlier dur-

MOSCOW (R) — Russian unem-

ployment will probably reach one

million by the summer and could

rise to five million by the end of

1993, Oleg Slavutsky, head of the

country's Federal Employment

He told Reuters the number of

Russians out of work was 730,000

on April 1, up from 577,000 at

the end of 1992, But he added

that the data masked about 1.5

million of what he called the

"hidden unemployed," included

people on short-time work or

those being forced to take unpaid

Another two or three million

The OECD said Turkey's

maero-economic policies bad

aeeommodated inflationary

pressures rather than creating a

the current situation," the survey

said, citing inflation running at an

annual 58.0 per cent in March,

higher poblic sector deficits and a

loss of confidence to the national

It said sharp rises in wages

since 1989 were a major cause of

Cinema

Cinema

"This must be changed... there

stable economie environment.

Service, said Monday.

ing the dollar's slide that it was likely to continue until U.S. and Japanese monetary authorities clearly indicated what they considered an ideal exchange rate level to help ease trade problems. Some also cited a lingering con-cern about the pace of U.S. economic recovery.

On Monday, traders said the yen's rise was the only compromise Japan could make with its trade partners for the time being since drastic measures to open the Japanese market appeared unlikely.

After opening at 113.02 yea, the dollar traded between 112.77 yen and 113.04 yen.

The dollar continued to edge down in rather calm trading as, major European foreign exchange markets were elosed Monday for the Easter holidays, Mr. Oishi said.

He said the Bank of Japan was reported to have bought dollars at about 112.80 yen to slow the yen's surge. Japan generally has accepted the yen's rise, but officials have said an overly rapid climb would hurt export businesses, whose dollar earnings

become worth less and less.

"The new law on bankruptcy

means that the rise in unemploy-

ment will accelerate in the com-

ing months. By the end of the

year we will probably see five

million unemployed." be pointed

Russia launched its economic

reform plan at the start of 1992.

freeing most state-controlled

prices and promising to sell off

But even the most unproduc-

tive firms have been kept going

through loans and subsidies and

unemployment has risen at a

slower rate than originally ex-

Russia's law on bankruptcy

state-owned firms.

Russian unemployment may

rise to 5m by end of year

ment on its market intervention. Traders said intervention by Japan's central bank alone would bave little effect. Mr. Oishi said many believed the United States would not join in intervention because the dollar was not falling against currencies other than the

Analysts also said the yen was drawing attention from investors who anticipate economic recov-

ery in Japan. On the Tokyo stock exchange, the 225-issue Nikkei stock average fell 10.04 points, or 0.05 per cent, closing at 19,882.14. On Friday, it had fallen 75.09 points, or 0.38 per cent.

Traders said investors were awaiting the government's announcement of details of a major economic stimulus paek-

age, scheduled for Tuesday. Local news media have reported the package will total 12 trillion yen (\$106 billion) in public works spending, housing and corporate investment incentives, as well as other programmes. Traders said the yen's con-

on Russia's political and econo-

mie course in coming months.

Tight fiscal policies and tough

measures to fight unemployment

would lead to more bankrupicy

and higher unemployment, he

He said 70 per cent of the

jobless were women. Two thirds

of the unemployed were poorly

qualified people who would find

Russia's registered unem-

ployed currently receive 75 per

cent of their monthly salary for

the first three months, falling to a

minimum payment of 4,500 rou-

bles (\$6 at current exchange

Payments are financed by an

. 1919 . 191

rates) per month after a year.

employment tax totalling two per

due to a cyclical increase in tax

attempts to restructure cumber-

some, loss-making state econo-

economic enterprises is dis-

The OECD said Turkey's

revenues.

it hard to obtain new jobs.

"I'd say it will take about three months for new brokerages and investment houses to get orgatinued rise against the dollar also nised and then we'll see them has slowed stock market activity, start drawing Egyptian firms into the market." said Aladdin Saba, vice-president of Kidder Pea-

to life within months.

Over 600 companies are listed on the Cairo exchange but only about 25 trade actively after a 1900s wave of nationalisations and 30 years of socialist-style economics all but killed it off.

The law will exempt investors from income tax and on profits made in the stock exchange and abolish a ceiling on corporate bond interest rates, allowing Egyptian firms to compete effectively for investors' funds for the first time.

The ceiling on corporate bonds, at 10 per cent, meant private firms were unable to compete with bills or bank deposits, which offer over 15 per cent.

Foreign investment in Egypt has soared since it began reforms to overhaul its economy two years ago, but bankers say the lack of transparency and archaic financial structures have severely disadvantaged Cairo in competing for capital.

Egypt's Official Gazette Sunday published executive regulations for the law, which was passed last year. Western and Gulf Arab inves-

tors have pumped billions of dollars into Egypt's oil and tourist industries, which deal directly with international markets.

nise potential in other sectors like

agriculture and industry The freeing of the Egyptian pound and interest rates in 1991 drew in billions of dollars of foreign holdings but most of it sat idly in high-yielding bank de-

posits and treasury bills. The new law will also raise local and foreign investor interest in a string of privatisations Egypt bas announced, part of a structural adjustment programme with

Cairo has said it will sell off 25 state firms in the next six months and sell off other government holdings worth billions of dollars over the next few years.

the World Bank.

South Asian summit fails to reach key economic accords

of the Ganges River.

The countries - which also inelude Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Nepal, Bhutan and the Maldives - have long imposed high taxes and tariffs. If they are reduced, the countries would be more inclined to trade with one another and that would improve their weak economies and reduce widespread unemployment.

It would also be less expensive for them to buy many products from one another than they now pay importing them from outside the region.

achieve the budgetary targets in a

forcing tax collection, resisting

excessive pay rises for civil ser-

vants, rationalising loss-making

ing with the open-ended nature of

duct (GNP) grew by 5.9 per cent

in 1992, compared with the 5.4

per cent target and an OECD estimate of 5.5 per cent. Turkey

Turkey said gross oational pro-

agricultural price support.

This should be done by "rein-

concrete manner," it said.

only took effect on April 1. Mr. Slavutsky said future unemployment rates would depend cent of wages.

OECD urges tighter policies, reforms for Turkey high inflation and urged the government to introduce a formal nnemployment insurance system

in an effort to modernise the labour market. The 24-nation Paris-based mic enterprises were far from group also suggested that the meeting the targets. "The little

jointly set an explicit inflation The public-sector borrowing requirement (PSBR) fell by 1.5

points to 12.5 per cent of GNP, it said, but added: "The (PSBR) remains extraordinarily large and... its reduction was partly

Tel.: 677420

Tel.: 699238

appointing," it said. The Privatisation Office, in charge of state sell-offs, earlier said its 1991 revenue was 25 per

cent below target. The OECD criticised the swelling budget deficit, which was 44 per cent above the 32 trillion lira target last year. Turkey aims a

deficit of 53 trillion lira in 1993.

Jordan Times Tel: 667171

Central Bank of Jordan Date: 12/4/1993 Offer Currency

3.83

U.S. Dollar	0.6860	0.6830
Sterling Pound	1_0529	1.0582
Deutsche Mark	0.4283	0.4304
Swiss Franc	0.4646	0.4669
French Franc	0.1266	0_1272
Japanese Yen*	0.6072	0.6102
Dutch Guilder	0.3810	0.3829
Swedish Krona	0.0905	0.0910
Italian Lira*	0_0438	0.0440
Belgian Franc	0.02075	0.02085

Personal Per	1214/1773	
Сигтевсу	Bid	Offer
Bahraini Dinar	1.8010	1.8400
Lebanese Lira*	0.03865	0.04050
Saudi Riyal	0.1826	0.1841
Kuwalti Dinar	2.2300	2.2800
Qatari Riyal	0.1859	0.1880
Egyptian Pound	0.1950	0.2150
Omani Riyal	1_7520	1.7800
UAE Dirbam	0.1859	0.1880
Greek Drachma*	0.3095	0.3295
Cypriot Pound	1_4235	1.4345

CAB Indices for Amman Financial Market

Index	10/4/1993 Close	11/4/1993 Close
All-Share	194.55	194.37
Banking Sector	135.21	135.23
Insurance Sector	. 214.46	214-46
Industry Sector	276.79	276.34
Services Sector	256.47	255.84
December 31, 1990 = 100		

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2. Ziad Al Ghazawi, Amman, telephone from 5-10 p.m. 842984

S. African police seize suspected hit list after killing of Hani

 Police found a suspected "bit list" of politicians and several guns in the bome of a white man charged with killing top black leader Chris Hani.

Police Brig. Frans Malherbe said Monday the leader of the South African Communist Party was shot with a pistol stolen by right-wing white extremists from a military installation in 1990.

Mr. Hani's killing outside his home Saturday triggered fears of an angry backlash that could threaten crucial talks between black and white leaders on ending apartheid.

But government and African National Congress (ANC) leaders said they were determined to press ahead with talks. Leaders on both sides called for calm despite scattered outbreaks of violence following the killing.

Angry blacks at a protest in the

Katlehong black township Mon-day burned a truck, threw stones and fired shots at journalists, hitting a car. No injuries were

Two whites were burned to death by a black crowd and a third had part of his tongue cut out in a black township outside Cape Town Sunday.

But police at the Lwandle township said Monday they were unsure if the attacks stemmed from the Hani killing. They reported the area calm overnight and Monday.

In a separate incident Sunday, the ANC accused police of firing on a small memorial service for Mr. Hani in Soweto, near Johannesburg, killing one person. Police Maj. Henriette Bester denied it was a memorial service and said officers fired on the crowd after people began throwing stones and shooting at them.
Police arrested Januzu Jakub

in south

Russian

MOSCOW (Agencies) — A young tycoon who runs business

ventures ranging from gambling

to publishing has been swept to

power as president of the south-

ern Russian Republic of Kalmy-

kia. Election officials there said

Kirsan Ilyumzhinov got 65 per

cent of the votes cast, a Central

Election Commission spokesman

said by telephone from the capital

Mr. Hyumzhinov, 31, emerged

far ahead of his closest rival,

Afghan war veteran Major-

General Valery Ochirov, to take

power in Kalmykia, a farming

republic of 330,000 people on the

Gen. Ochirov. 41, polled 29

per cent of the vote. A third

candidate, former Communist

Party official Vladimir Bam-

bayev, got a mere 1.5 per cent.

Communist, I am not a democrat.

I am a capitalist," Mr. Ilyumzhi-

nov said in a newspaper interview

In his election campaign he

vowed to introduce "economic

dictatorship" to restore prosper-

ity to the region which lies about

1,000 kilometres south of

Mr. Ilyumzhinov threatened

Meanwhile, two weeks before

a nationwide vote of confidence

in President Boris Yeltsin, his

backers appear loosely organised.

and neither he nor his critics can

An informal Associated Press

survey of about 50 politicians and

newspaper editors nationwide

found that support for Mr. Yelt-

sin and his market reforms varied

widely from place to place. It also

found widespread dissatisfaction

with representatives he has

appointed in 66 regions, and that

this discontent was costing him

Mr. Yeltsin aides, speaking pri-

vately, acknowledged they were

worried by recent polls that

showed 43 per cent of the electo-

rate would vote for him, and 19

an outright victory will be hard.

has urged the 106 million Russian

voters to vote "yes" on all four

questions placed on the referen-

dum by the Communist-domin-

ated Congress of People's De-

Mr. Yeltsin had initially prop-

osed the referendum as a way to

end his power struggle with the

But the legislature, which nar-

rowly failed in its attempt to oust

Mr. Yeltsin last month, changed

the referendum so the president

could not win simply on the basis

of bis personal popularity.

lawmakers.

The president, conceding that

per cent against him.

count on a decisive victory.

tough action against bureaucrats

and a ban on political rallies and

"I am not a Socialist, I am not a

Caspian Sea.

last week.

strikes.

area



A South African youth walks away from a burning barricade in a traditionally white suburb of Cape town. He was part of a group of students who were

former South African Communist Party leader Chris Hani (AFP photo)

Wallus, 40, an immigrant from Poland shortly after Mr. Hani's killing. A pistol found in Mr. Wallus' car was identified as the alleged murder weapon, police

The pistol was part of a cache of weapons stolen by right wing extremists from South African Air Force Headquarters in Pretoria in 1990, police said. Several weapons were found in Mr. Wal-

lus' apartment, they said. Police said a list of politicians and addresses was found in Mr. Wallus' apartment, but refused to

the list had been warned and offered police protection.

This list includes the names of political leaders of various parties and organisations, but also of people not active in politics," a police statement said.

South African news reports have linked Mr. Wallus to neo-Nazi groups, but police say they cannot confirm the reports. A white supremacist group, the World Apartheid Movement, said it would provide Mr. Wallus

with legal aid. Mr. Wallus was a fanatical anti-Communist who left Poland be-

cause of his opposition to the Communist government, according to reports. He was described

Small white extremist groups say they are preparing for "a race war" rather than accept a multiracial democracy. But the extreme right has rarely carried out any attacks despite incessant rhe-

Mr. Hani, 50, was perhaps the most popular ANC official after its president, Nelson Mandela. Many blacks revered him for his militant opposition to white

NATO moves to stop Serb warplanes; Serbs defiant

SARAJEVO (AP) — NATO propeller places. At least 134,000 people, and as warplanes took to the skies Monday to enforce a U.N. ban on Serbian military flights over war-

torn Bosnia-Herzegovina. More than 50 U.S., French and Dutch fighters were deployed around the region to put Opera-

tion Deny Flight into effect. The mission began at 2 p.m. (1200 GMT) and is the first time NATO has projected its might beyond alliance territory since it was founded in 1949.

North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) officials said their warplanes would challenge violators and order them back home. A shoot-down would be allowed only as a last resort.

Bosnian Serb Commander Gen. Ratko Mladie said the Westero allianee had "no chance" of stopping his troops with the flight ban. He accused NATO allies of enforcing the ban as a prelude to using air power directly against the Serbs.

AWACS surveillance planes with multi-national crews are monitoring the airspace over Bosnia to stop sorties by Yugolavia's Serb-dominated military. The AWACS and some of the NATO fighter jets are being coordinated from an airbase in Vicenzo, Italy, where they took off Mon-day morning. Other fighter jets are on in northeast Italy or on aircraft carriers in the Adriatic

Serbs have flown hundreds of sorties over Bosnia since the United Nations forbade the flights in October, according to U.N. reports. The flights bave supported ethnic Serbs who rebelled against Bosnia's Muslim-led government a year ago when Bosma's Muslim and ethnic Croat population voted to secede from Serb-dominated Yugoslavia.

Most of the Serb violations been helicopters and low-flying convoy, Serbs have shown in- war.'

many as 200,000, bave been reported killed or missing since the war broke out. More than 2 million Bosnians have been range of the airport. They also

turned into refugees, many of them Muslims routed from their homes in the so-called "ethnie cleansing" campaign of killing, rape and intimidation used to purge areas of different ethnic

Gen. Miadie and a top Crostian general both said that enforcement of the flight ban will have bttle effect. Serbs have used mainly land

forces to capture 70 per cent of Bosnia in the last year and have been reported using low-flying helicopters over short distances to transport troops.

U.S. Navy Admiral Mike Boorda said Monday that low clouds over Bosnia's mountainous terrain could also complicate the mission. He spoke at a military briefing in Vicenza.

Serbs bave rejected an international peace that would partition Bosnia into 10 semi-autonomous provinces along mainly ethoic lines because it would end their plans to unite conquered Bosnian and Croatian lands with Serbia

proper. Meaowhile, President Bill Clioton's envoy to former Yugos-lavia, Regioald Bartholomew, left Zagreb, Croatia, for Sarajevo for the first of three days of talks with Bosnian, Serbian and Croatian leaders.

Leaving Zagreb, be told the Associated Press he had a "clear objective to help the international effort to bring this crisis, this conflict to a settlement, and to encourage the Serbs to come to

Angered by the NATO patrols and last week's discovery of ammunition hidden io a U.N. aid

peace efforts. U.N. officials suspended the humanitarian airlift to Sarajevo Saturday after Serbs shifted antiaircraft guns to put them within

cancelled a land convoy Monday to aid Serb-besieged Muslims in Srebrenica. U.S. Captain Bill Karaktin, a spokesman for U.N. peacekeepers in Sarajevo, said Srebrenica had been "very quiet" since Sun-

day evening. But a Bosoian government statement said continued fighting across Bosnia meant military commander General Sefer Halilovie would not attend peace talks Monday requested by Gen.

Capt. Karaktin said the United Nations were still preparing for the talks at Sarajevo Airport because a letter from Gen. Halilovic did not explicity say the Bosnian side would not attend.

In a telephone interview with the AP Sunday, Gen. Mladic claimed that NATO bas identified Serb ground positions as

potential targets. "If events take a turn for the worse, NATO plans to bring in 450 to 500 warplanes as reinforcements," he said, quoting what be claimed were "sources close to

Asked whether NATO jets could force Serbs to change tactics. Gen. Mladic said; "they have no chance."

Gen. Antun Tus, Croatian President Franjo Tudjman's top military advisor, told Croatian radio it was too late for the no-fly zone to have any military effect.

"There will be more political than military results," Gen. Tus said. "In Bosnia-Herzegovina, planes are not so important... This is the artillery and mortas

The string of resignations coin-

cides with a bitter feud between

Mr. Sbarif and the 78-year-old

Ishaq Khan over an attempt by

Prince Charles in children's film

LONDON (AP) -- Prince

Charles lurned TV actor for a children's film broadcast Sunday.

The Legend Of Lochnagar, inspired by a book he published in 1980. The 44-year-old prince appeared in live action sequences at the beginning and end of the animated film about an old Scot who sets up his bathtub in a remote highland cave without athought to the effects it will have on his surroundings. He is taught to be a good neighbour by tiny people called gorms who use a shrinking machine to bring the old man down to eye-level. At the end of the film prince. Charles, too, is shrunk into an gorm-size figure at his own fire side. This reportedly was his own idea. "It's about time the Prince of Wales was cut down to size." several newspapers quoted him as saying. The film was inspired by Prince Charles's book, "The Old Man Of Lochnagar, which evolved from a story he made up for his younger brothers, Prince Andrew and Prince Edward. when they were children. Prince Charles narrated the film in Welsh. Gaelie and English for separate versions in Britain's three main languages. Royalties are to go to his charity the Prince

Woman fleeing gunmen gets speeding ticket

JOHANNESBURG (AP) woman fleeing men firing assault rifles was stopped by police and given a 300 rand (\$100) speeding ticket, a newspaper reported. Alison Dutton told the Sunday Alison Dutton told the Sunday Star she began speeding through a Johannesburg suburb Wednes-day after a pickup truck carrying several men armed with AK-47 rifles pulled up behind her. The men were firing wildly at pedes-trians after fleeing a bank they trians after fleeing a bank they had attempted to rob. "I put my foot down and spun around the corner and just drove as quickly as possible," Ms. Dutton said, A traffic officer pulled her over for driving 92 kilometres per hour in a 60 kph zone. Ms. Dutton said she told the officer about the shootout but he did not appear to believe her. Four people were wounded in the shootings, and the gunmen escaped.

Tourists get **Laster surprise:** Open museums

ROME (AP) — Tourists had a welcome Easter Sunday surprise. due to a new law that lets the treasure troves of Italian art and archeology stay open here during holidays. The Roman Forum and Colosseum were among tourist draws that were open Sunday. They'll be open as well Monday, when Italy's bureaucracies, banks and other institutions shut down to celebrate "Pasquetta," or Lithours than most other Italian art places, was open in the afternoon as well as morning. Also open was the Academy. The new law lets the Cultural Ministry shift personnel around from one city to another to meet public needs. The change came over the pro-

tle Easter. In Florence, the Uffi-zi, which already had longer tests of public servants' unions.

Reclusive Garbo was miserable alone, letters show LONDON (R) — Reclusive film

star Greta Garbo hated life alone as much as she disliked having to meet people, according to her private letters released in London. "It's sad to be alone, but sometimes it's even more difficult to be with someone," she wrote to a friend. Some 120 pages of her letters are expected to fetch up to £30,000 (\$45,000) at an auction in London in June, Sotheby's auctioneers said. Garbo, the Swedish-born Hollywood legend who died aged 84 in 1990, vanished from public life after retiring from a gliriering film career in 1941. Her letters contain constant references to ariempts to avoid people, especially journalists, and to travels made in secret and incognito. But solitude also made her depressed. "I have disappeared into the wilderness. I am practically a prisoner because I don't want anyone to know I am here," she wrote on one occasion. The letters up for auction on June 8 cover the period from 1932 to 1973. Sotheby's book expert-Peter Beal said unhappiness and depression were a persistent theme. "She seemed to spend her life going round and round in circles, hopping from one city to another, but no happier in one luxurious apartment than in any of the others, Mr. Beal said: Ironically it was Garbo's trademark line in Grand Hotel for which she will be most remembered -- "I want to be

Former diplomat formally Tycoon wins presidency engaged to Japan prince

officially engaged to Japan's in a brief traditional ceremony televised live as part of a growing

home in an expensive area of then the crown prince. Tokyo together with her parents. A small army of newspaper and

Gifts from the palace, deliauspicious golden screen which ber of the royal family. was put up for the occasion,

weighing about 10 kilogrammes. announcement.

TOKYO (R) - Former career The fish are considered auspidiplomat Masako Owada became cious for Japanese ceremonies. Ms. Owada's only words dur-Crown Prince Naruhito Monday ing the ceremony were: "I hum-

bly accept.' The ceremony, over in less than five minutes, is basically Ms. Owada, clad in a pale unchanged from that conducted golden yellow kimooo, received in 1959 when Empress Michiko, an envoy from the imperial the wife of Emperor Akihito, palace in the living room of her became engaged to the emperor,

Her father is vice foreign minis- television reporters were camped ter, the ministry's top bureaucrat. outside the house, while media The envoy said he had been helicopters flew overhead. Many sent to conduct the engagement television networks broadcast live ceremony by the emperor and from outside the house for two or three hours.

Ms. Owada, now formally betvered that morning, were on dis- rothed to the prince, will be play on a low table in front of an considered a semi-official mem-

A series of ceremonies is sche-The envoy then described the duled before the wedding in

gifts - Italf a dozen bottles of June. Japanese news reports give Japanese sake, five rolls of silk June 9 as the most likely wedding dress material and a pair of date, but the Imperial Household cooked sea breams together Agency has not made an official

LOS ANGELES (R) — Los have been arming themselves.

Angeles prepared for the worst Some have closed their shops Monday as jurors entered a third and boarded up the windows. day of deliberations over the fate Mr. Williams ordered 600 extra of four white police officers ac-police onto the streets Sunday cused of violating black motorist and planned to assign more men

Rodney King's civil rights. More than 600 California National Guard troops waited in a dozen armouries across the city, ready to be deployed at the first sign of rioting if the officers on trial over the beating of Mr. King

were acquitted. Extra police were on the streets. The Guardian Angels, a volunteer organisation that patrols city streets to deter crime,

was preparing to get involved. When the officers were acquitted by a state jury 12 months ago of using excessive force, four days of rioting ensued in which 53

people were killed. This time, the officers are on trial on federal charges over Mr. King's beating, which was caplured on videotape by a resident of the northwest Los Angeles neighbourhood where it took place in the early hours of March

California Governor Pete Wilson ordered guardsmen to be in their barracks by 7.00 a.m. PDT (1200 GMT) Monday and a guard spokesman said many bad already reported for duty

A Los Angeles Times poll published Sunday showed that while most residents feared the verdict might trigger riots, 58 per cent believed violence could be prevented. A majority were confident police could protect their neighbourhoods.

Despite assurances from Police Chief Willie Williams that authorities were ready, many Korean shopkeepers, targeted by looters and arsonists last year,

Los Angeles prepares for worst at jurors ponder

> and women Monday. In the Compton and Loog Beach suburbs, both badly bit by last year's riots, all police leave was cancelled and officers were to start 12-bour shifts instead of the

usual eight hours, Lisa Sliwa, the wife of Guardian Angels founder Curtis Sliwa, arrived in Los Angeles from New York on Sunday to help coordinate the Angels' response to any

She said she thought the four men. Sergeant Stacey Koon, Officers Laurance Powell and Theodore Briseno, and former officer Timothy Wind, should be found guilty. But she said the unarmed Guardian Angels would

be ready to deal with rioters. 'Let's say there are people looting and burning a 7-11 (convenience) Store. They are likely to find 10 Angeles ready to deal with them." she said in an inter-

Weston Conwell, director of the group's southwest region, said at least 300 Angeles, who wear distinctive red berets, would be on the streets in groups of 10 once the verdicts came in.

"We are bringing them in from as far away as Sacramento (the state capital)," he said. At Easter services in Los Angeles Sunday, religious leaders

pleaded for peace. "We don't want to see the violence in the streets anymore," said the Rev. Major Johnson, a pastor at a black church in suburban Carson. "We're going to do everything in our power to convince people that there's a

U.N. to try to protect Vietnamese in Cambodia

Cambodia.

after two days of talks. attacks in Cambodia this year.

Dr. Ghali said he told the Vietnamese that Cambodia's elections would be held on schedule next month, and that head of state Prince Norodom Sihanouk had agreed, at his request, to strengthen cooperation with UN-TAC before, during and after the

source of great strength and support to the United Nations during the crucial weeks ahead," he

He welcomed a statement by Prince Sihanouk deploring violence and calling on Cambodians to lay down arms.

HANOI (R) — United Nations Secretary-General Boutros Gbali told Vietnamese leaders Monday the U.N. would do all it could to protect ethnic Vietnamese from attack by the Khmer Rouge io

"I assured all the leaders of Vietnam that UNTAC will try its best, with the resources at its Vietnamese people in Cambodia," be told a news conference

He did not detail what the United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia (UNTAC) could do to protect ethnic Vietnamese, dozens of whom bave been killed in Khmer Rouge

Vietnam bas repeatedly asked the international body, overseeing the transition from civil war to multi-party elections, to use its authority to stop the kill-

"This, I believe, will provide a

6th Pakistani minister quits cabinet KARACHI (R) - Pakistani Procrisis that could prompt the presigovernment, complained that the prime minister bad failed to disdent to use his power to dissolve cuss his policy proposals and had parliament.

Mr. Sharif to step down.

duction Minister Jam Mashoog Ali resigned Monday, joining a cabinet exodus that threatens to topple the fragile coalition government of Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif.

Mr. Ali criticised what he cal-led Mr. Sbarif's autocratic style of over two weeks, aggravating a president's powers.

dreds more U.S. prisoners of war

discovered in Moscow in the arc-

reported Monday.

general said nui

submit his resignation to Presi-Hanoi report hints at deception on PoWs

ignored his ministry. He called on

Mr. Ali was the sixth minister to

NEW YORK (R) - A secret hives of the Soviet Communist More than 2,000 Americans report written in 1972 by a North Party. was autheoticated by experts, were being held by Hanoi than showed that North Vietnam was

were officially accounted for at the time, the New York Times The newspaper, in a report from Moscow, said the document had been delivered to the Communist Party politburo in Hanoi in September 1972. A copy was

holding I,205 U.S. prisoners at a time when officials were saying the number was only 368. The New York Times quoted

experts as saying the document was a "smoking gun" which proved Hanoi had been withholding information about the fate of U.S. prisoners of war.

remain listed as missing in action

which ended in 1975, The secret north Vietnamese document, which was discovered in Moscow earlier this year by a U.S. researcher, gives a detailed account of 1,205 prisoners held in 11 North Vietnamese prisons in the autumn of 1972, at a time when peace talks were under way in Paris. Its author was named as General Tran Van Quang.

5 prisoners dead, 8 guards taken hostage in Ohio prison riot

LUCASVILLE, Ohio (R) — Five prisoners were beaten to death by fellow inmates and eight around noon Sunday. When the guards were taken bostage during violence at a prison in Obio, officials said Monday.

Rebellious iomates in a cellblock housing 760 of the 1,800 prisoners at the maximum security southern Ohio correctional facility were holding the eight guards hostage, said Tessa Unwin, a spokesperson for Ohio's Department of Rehabilitation

were called in to quell a fight trouble escalated, a number of the guards were forced to retreat, leaving some prison staff hostage. Prisoners later freed three of

the guards. Early Monday, the rebellious inmates "gave up" the bodies of five prisoners, all of whom had been beaten to death, Ms. Unwin

Seven guards who escaped

the rest minor injuries. Earlier, a corrections spokes woman said the incident appeared to bave begun as a

spontaneous riot at the prison

housing the state's most violent

criminals. "Some inmates fought and some guards tried to intervene,"

Ms. Unwin said negotiations were continuing but that no details would be available until the from the cellblock were injured,

S. Korea bids to solve nuclear impasse with North

SEOUL (R) — South korea, fearing the threat of a military strike by ao increasingly isolated North Korea, said Monday it would hold talks with China next week over Pyongyang's continuing nuclear defiance. A Seoul government spokes-

man said Foreign Minister Han

Sung-Joo would meet his Chinese

counterpart Qian Qichen in Thailand, hoping Peking could use its influence to persuade the North to opeo up two suspected nuclear "The two governments have agreed a meeting between minis-ters Han and Qian next week when the U.N. ESCAP (Econo-

mic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific) conference is scheduled in Bangkok," the ministry official said. The meeting would be probably be held on April 21. Defence Minister Kwon Young-Hae told South Korean

state television Sunday he feared the North may "make a test military commander.

rent of Stalinist leader kim Il-

Sung, was elected to the nation's top military post Friday. He is thought to be behind the North's hardline defiance of the world over its nuclear programme. The Seoul cabinet planned to hold a ministerial-level meeting

rean nuclear impasse, a Unification Ministry official said. 'The ministers will discuss various concrete measures to induce North Korea to end its nuclear

Tuesday to tackle the North Ko-

defiance." he said. He said the measures under discussion would include halting South Korea's annual Team Spirit war games with U.S. forces. helping Pyongyang to negotiate directly with Washington on the nuclear issue and resuming direct inter-Korean economie ex-

Those measures are among the major demands by the North to improve relations with the South. Pyongyang last month announced its withdrawal from provocation" against the South the global nuclear non-proliferafollowing last week's appoint- tion treaty rather than accept ment of Kim Jong-Il as supreme International Atomie Energy Agency (IAEA) inspections of

Mr. Kim, son and heir-appa- the two nuclear sites. The move heightened suspi-

cions in Seoul and among its Western allies that North Korea had either succeeded in building a nuclear weapon or was on the verge of doing so. The North denies it is producing nuclear weapons.

The IAEA has referred Pyongyang's refusal of nuclear inspec-tion to the U.N. Security Council, which has expressed concern but beld off from imposing possible sanctions.

China, North Korea's longtime ally, bas warned against any United Nations intervention and could block any sanctions. Pyongyang Monday showed no sign of backing down. North Korea's ambassador to Peking

accused the IAEA of deferring to Washington on the issue of nuclear inspection. Chn Chang Jun told a news conference the United States

has forced the IAEA to dance to

its tune "The United States wants to . strangle our country. The actions and behaviour of some members of the IAEA secretariat, who were working at the instigation of the United States, have complicated the situation." Mr. Chu

North korea also attacked Russia over its admission that it secretly dumped nuclear waste off the Korean peninsula.

A Foreign Ministry statement carried by the Korean Central News Agency said Moscow had no right to lecture on nuclear issues while it was polluting the global environment. The agency, monitored in Tokyo, quoted the official state-

ment as saying it was ridiculous of

Russia to take issue with "the fictitious nuclear problem" of North Korea after secretary dumping nuclear waste in the It cited Russia's admission that the Soviet Navy had systematical-

ly dumped nuclear waste into the Japan Sea and other oceans for decades, and that the Russian Navy had continued the practice after the collapse of the Soviet

"It is the nuclear powers which threaten other nations with nuclear weapons and create danger to ecology with nuclear wastes that must stand before the United Nations for deliberation and condemnation," Pyongyang said.